

10.09.2020

# I-90 Allston Interchange

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Riverfront Analysis +  
Design Exploration

cbt | Perkins&Will

# Acknowledgements

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This study was a collaborative effort by CBT and Perkins&Will to synthesize stakeholder concerns, and analyze the environmental and climate change impacts along the diverse riverfront edge conditions. The process involved stakeholder input from a diverse group of advocacy, neighborhood and community groups. Charles River Conservancy, Charles River Watershed Association, Conservation Law Foundation, and A Better City provided critical input, data and support in developing a series of strategies that outlines a regenerative approach to creating a resilient riverfront.

We thank our stakeholders for their valuable input, advocacy and support.

- Allston Civic Association
- Boston Cyclists Union
- Boston Society for Architecture
- Charles River Conservancy
- Conservation Law Foundation
- A Better City
- Livable Streets
- MassBike
- Walk Boston
- Weston & Sampson
- Allston Brighton Community Development Corporation
- Allston Village Main Streets
- Boston Society of Landscape Architects
- Charles River Watershed Association
- 495/MetroWest Corridor Partnership



# Building on years of great advocacy...

**BSA Beacon Yards Charette** | Sep 2014

**A Better City At-Grade** | Dec 2014  
(see attached), renderings by NBBJ (early 2018)

**Beacon Yards: DeNovo Urbanism** | Dec 2014  
By Northeastern School of Architecture / Tim Love

**Elevated Grand Junction by Ari Ofsevit** | Jul 2015

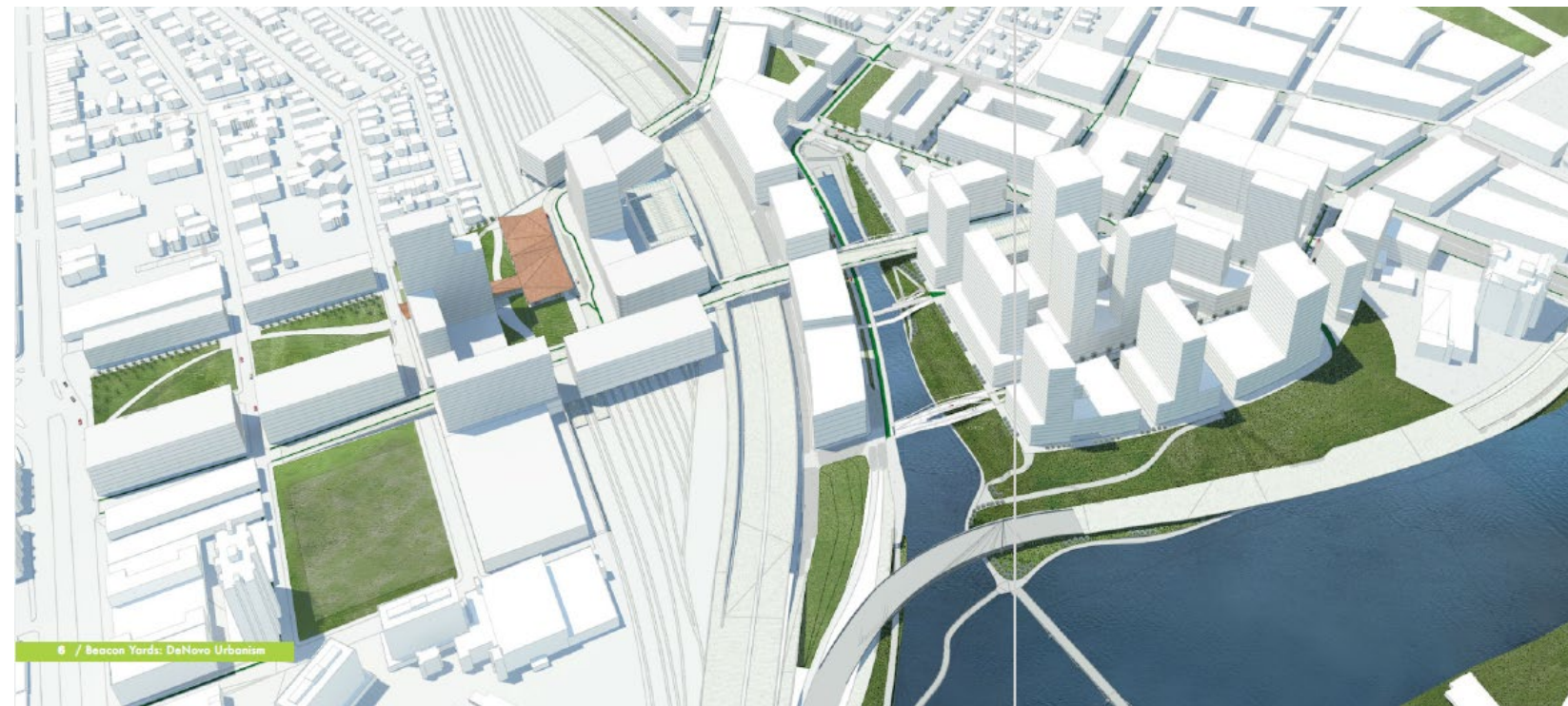
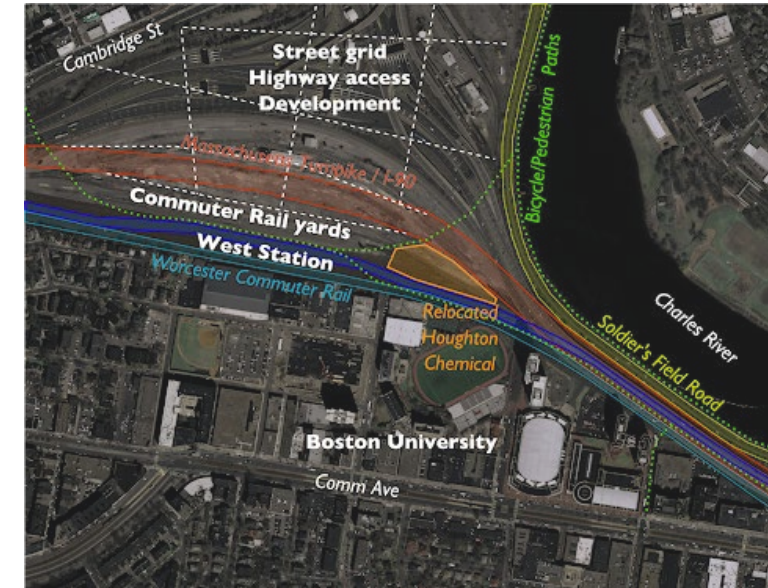
**I90 Allston Placemaking Study** | Dec 2015 - Oct 2016  
By The Cecil Group/Harriman with Nelson Nygaard and Stantec  
(funded by MassDOT with oversight by MassDOT/Harvard/BPDA)

**River Remarkable Work Group** | starting in 2016  
John Shields, Skip Burck, Frank M. Costantino, etc

**Unchoke the Throat design** | Feb 2018  
work by Sasaki for WalkBoston and Charles River Conservancy

**BSA Allston Esplanade charette** | Apr 2019

**Riverfront Analysis + Design Exploration** | Sep 2020  
By CBT / Perkins + Will



# Goals

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Establish a cohesive, pragmatic and variable strategy that responds to challenge along the length of the corridor

Effectively connect PDW to the urban system and neighborhoods  
BU Bridge/Aggannis/  
Grand Junction/  
Cambridge - N/Harvard  
Street

Balance the transportation needs with multiple variables including pedestrian, bicycles, river users, ecology and aquatic life

# Baseline for this study

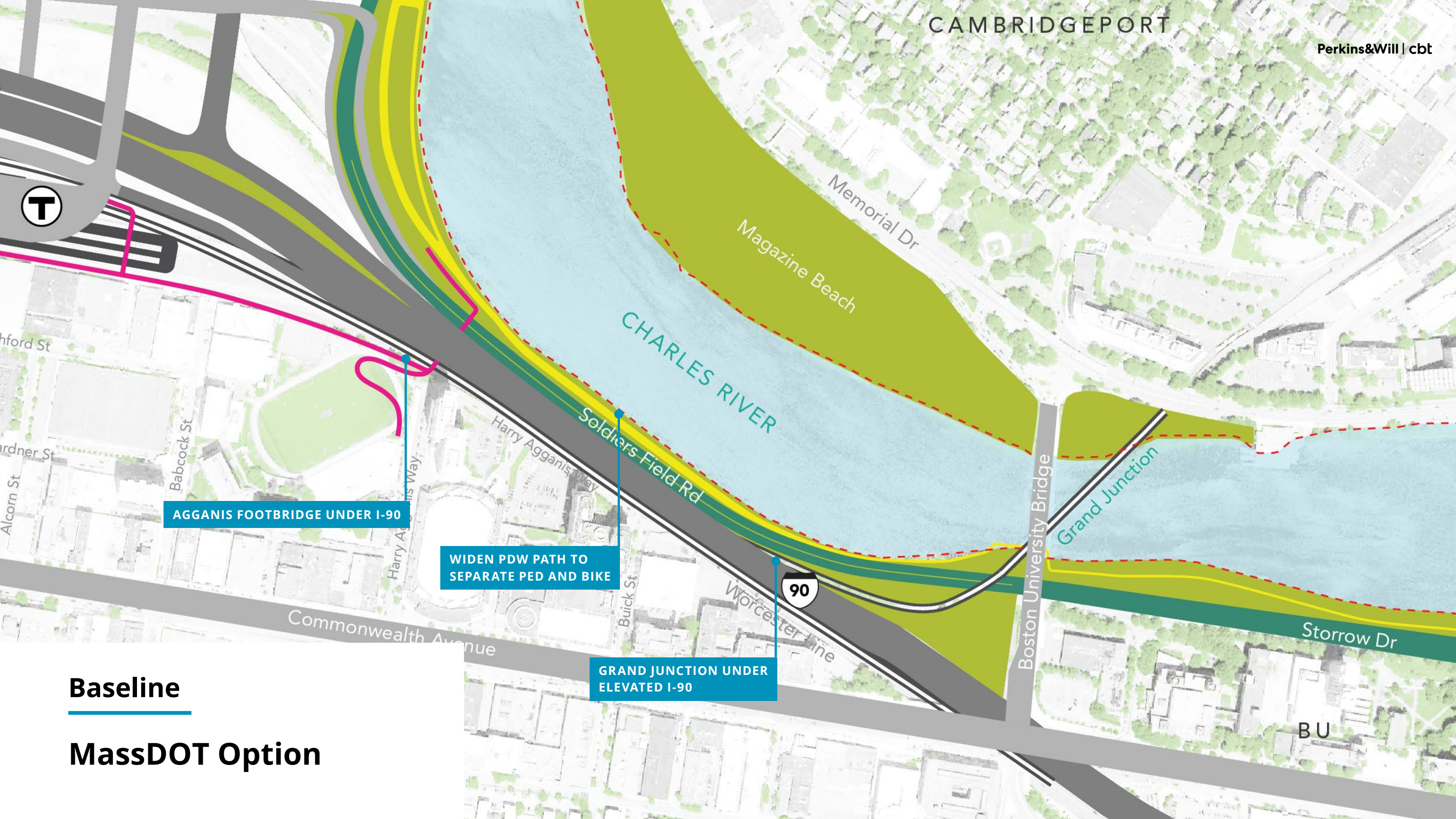
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MassDOT  
Option



All At-grade  
Option

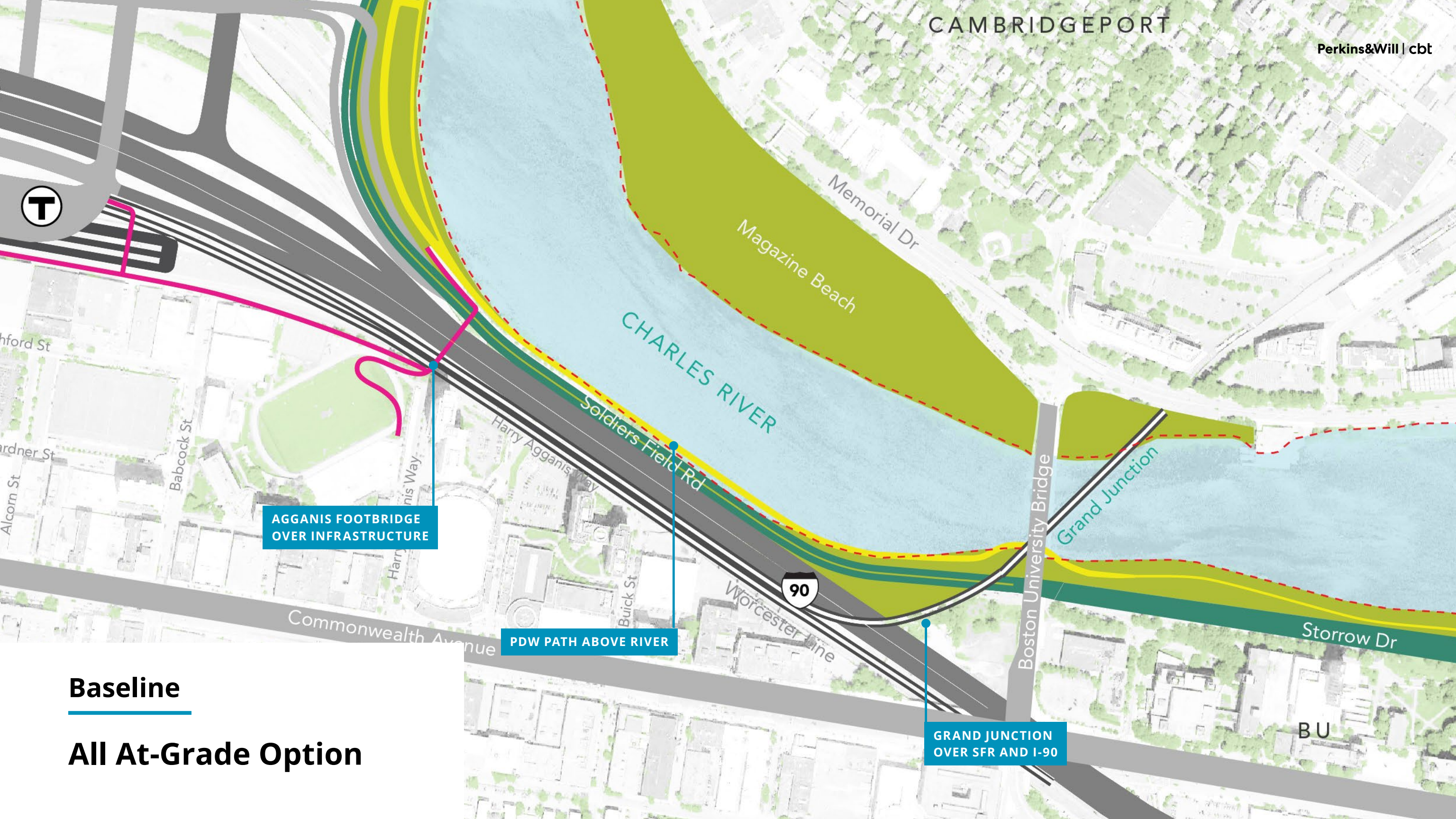




**Baseline**

**MassDOT Option**



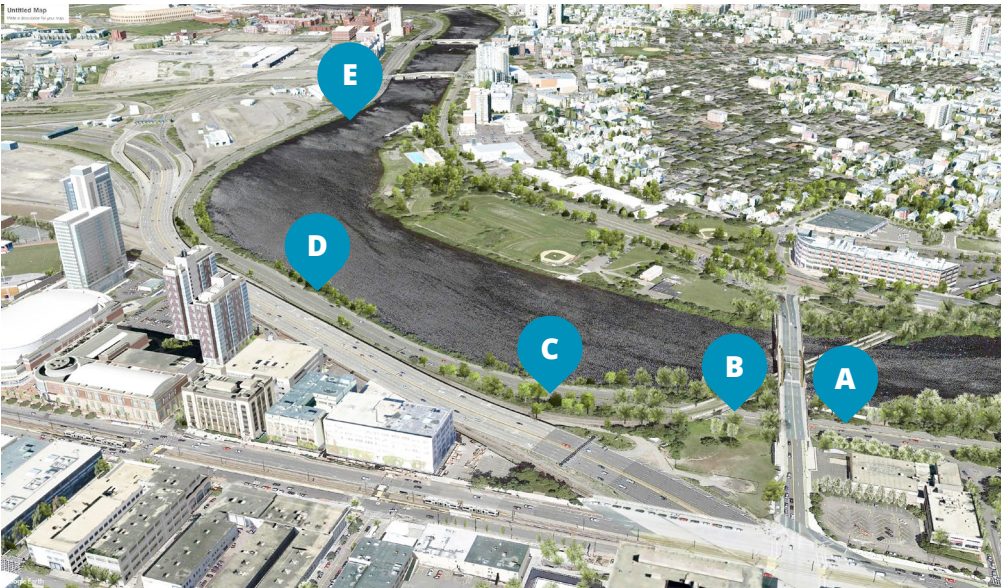


**Baseline**

**All At-Grade Option**



# Existing Conditions



**Multi-modal Transportation**  
BU Bridge, Grand Junction and the PDW path stack up each other



**Disconnected from the city**  
Bike and ped cannot connect back to the city through BU Bridge



**PDW Path Adjacent to SFR**  
Narrow path (no separation of peds and cyclists) with inadequate buffer from the road



**Lookout**  
There are scattered lookout where people can stop

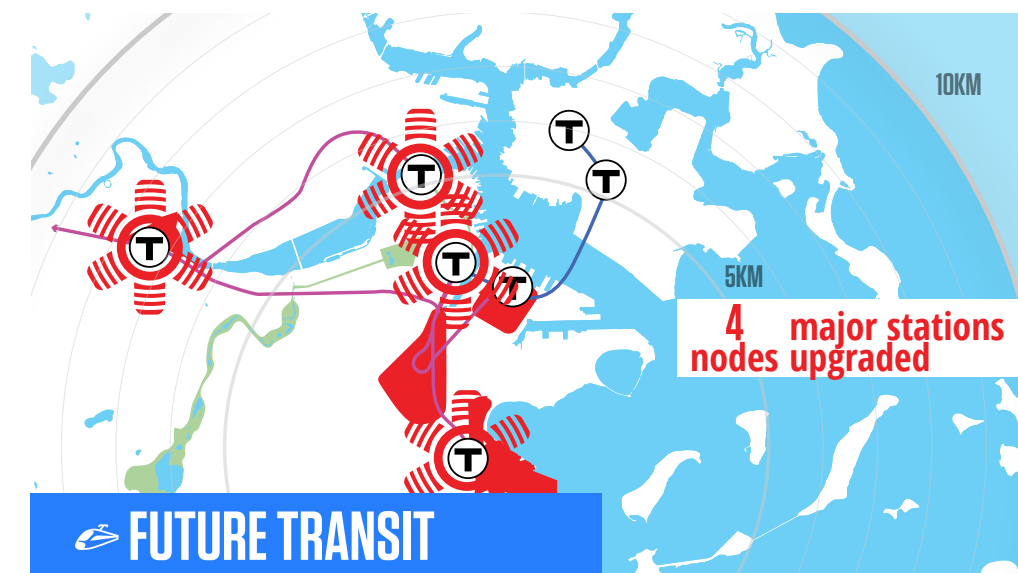
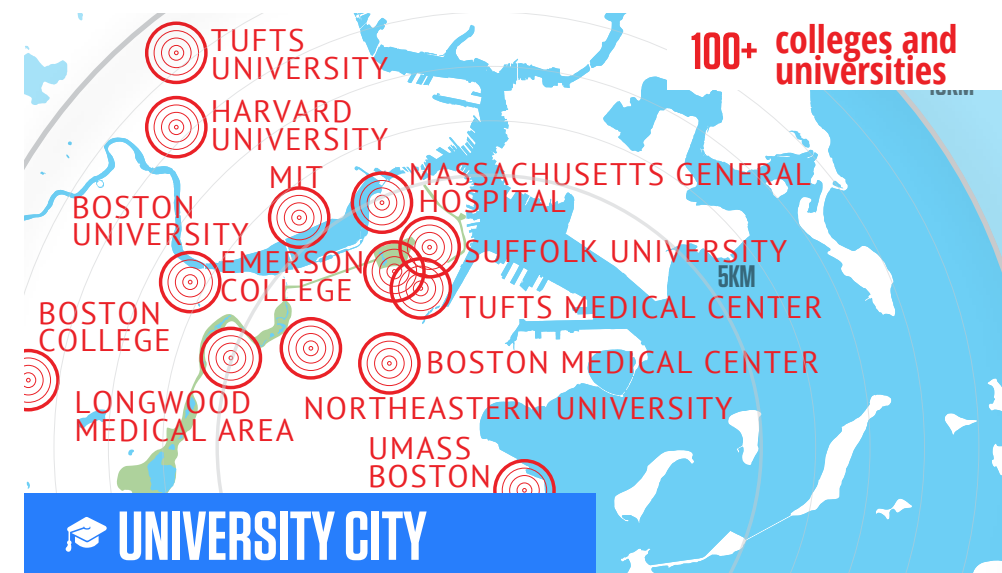
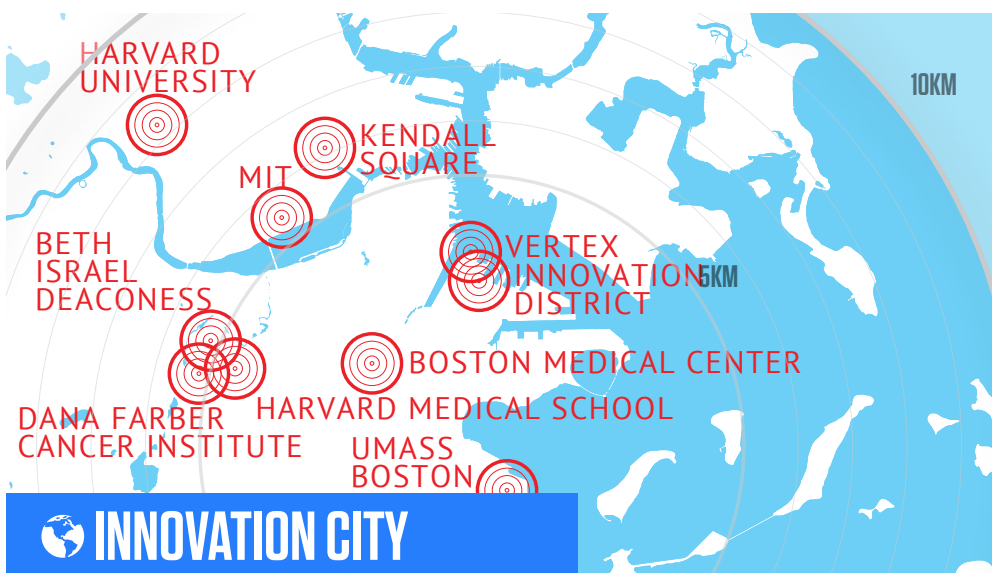
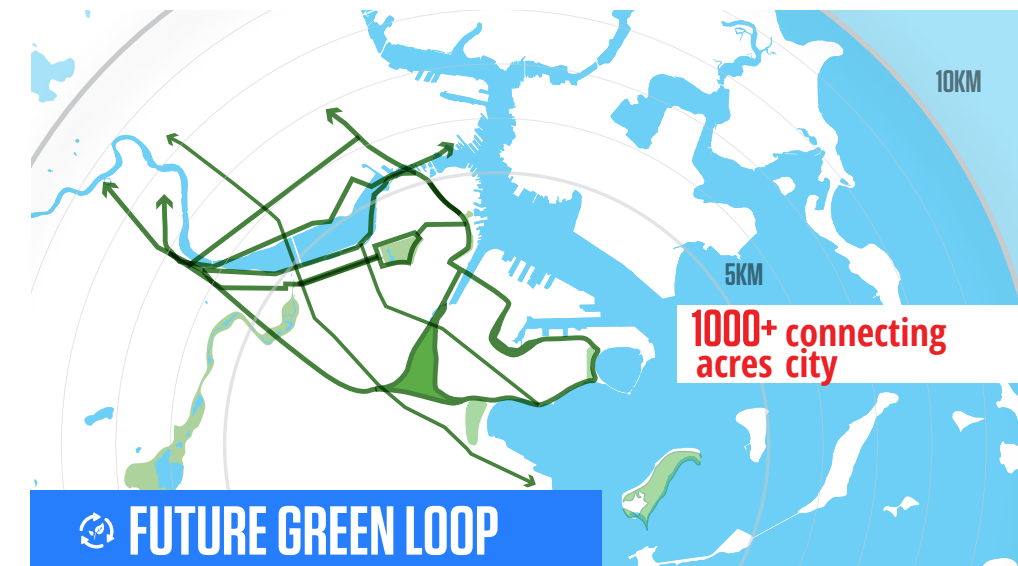
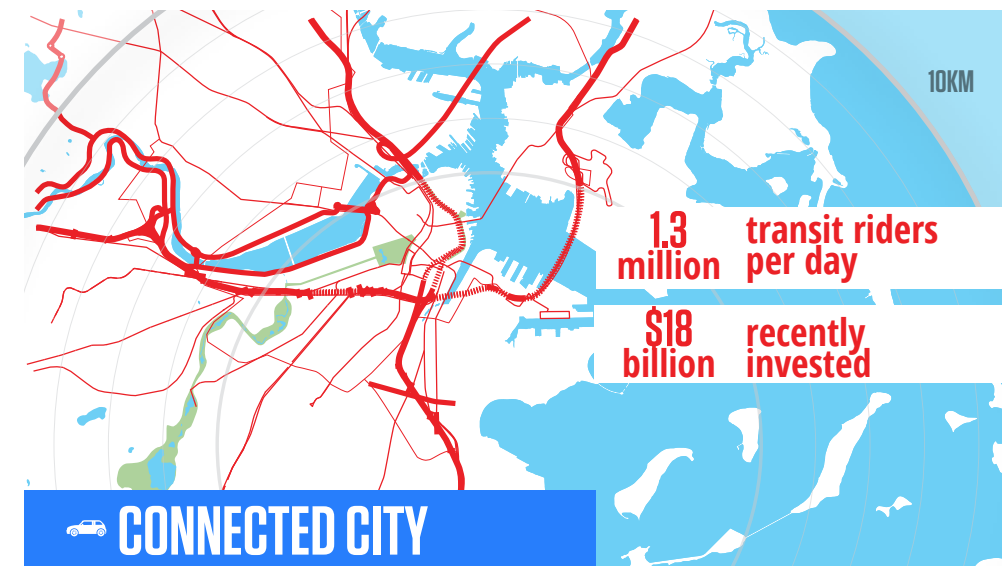
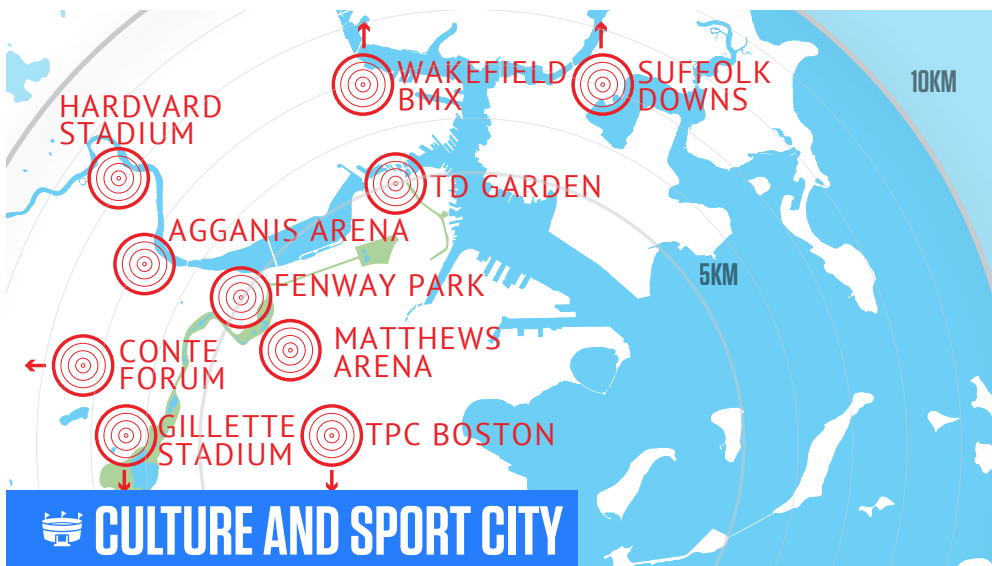
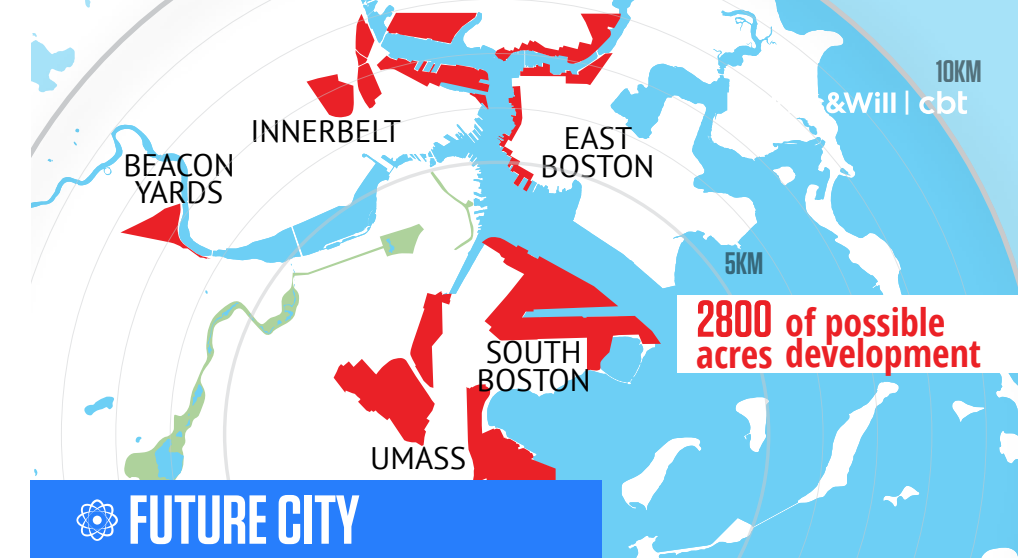
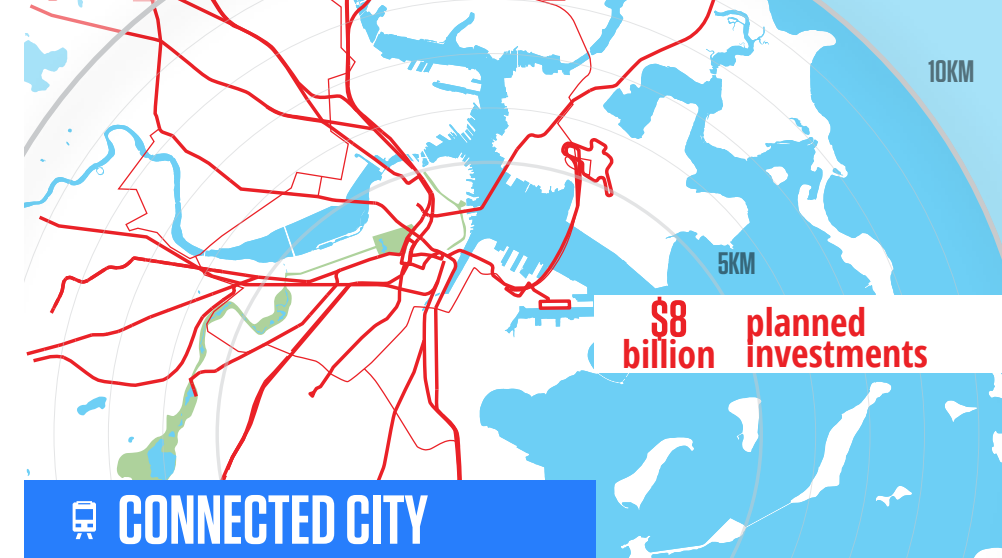
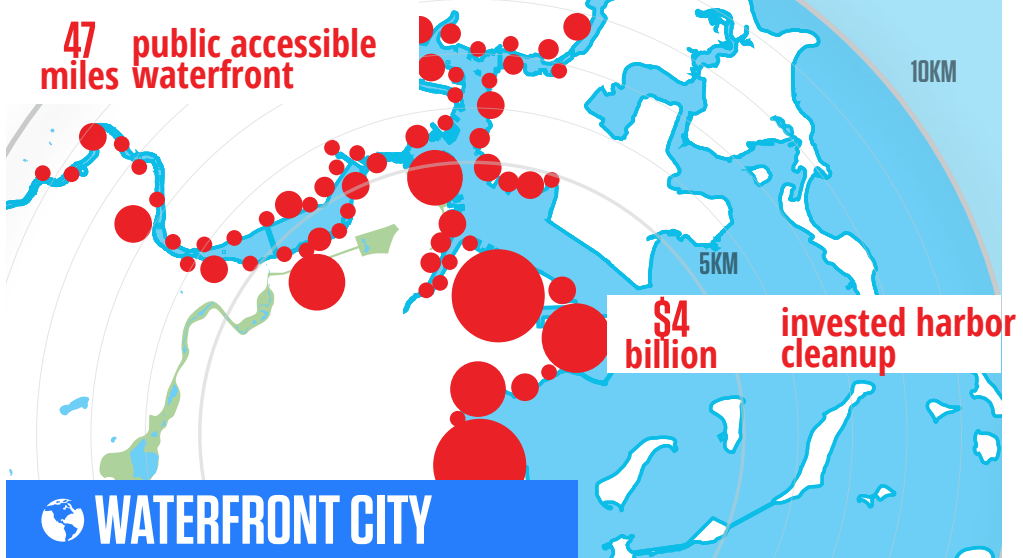


**Hard Edge Close to Western Ave**  
River edge becomes quay walls as it gets closer to Western Ave



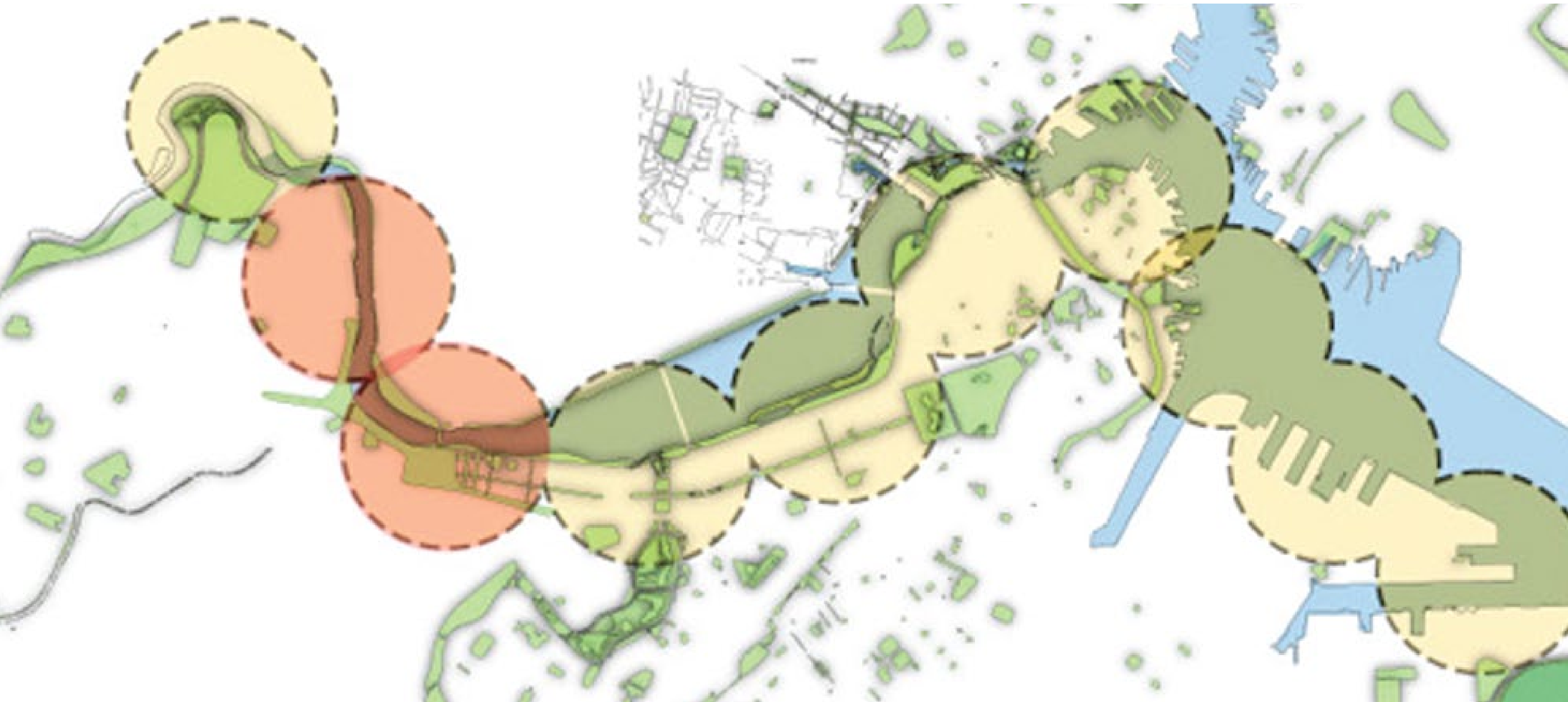
# Nature of Opportunity

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## Complete the challenging link along Charles River





# Restore the Rivers's Edge Ecology

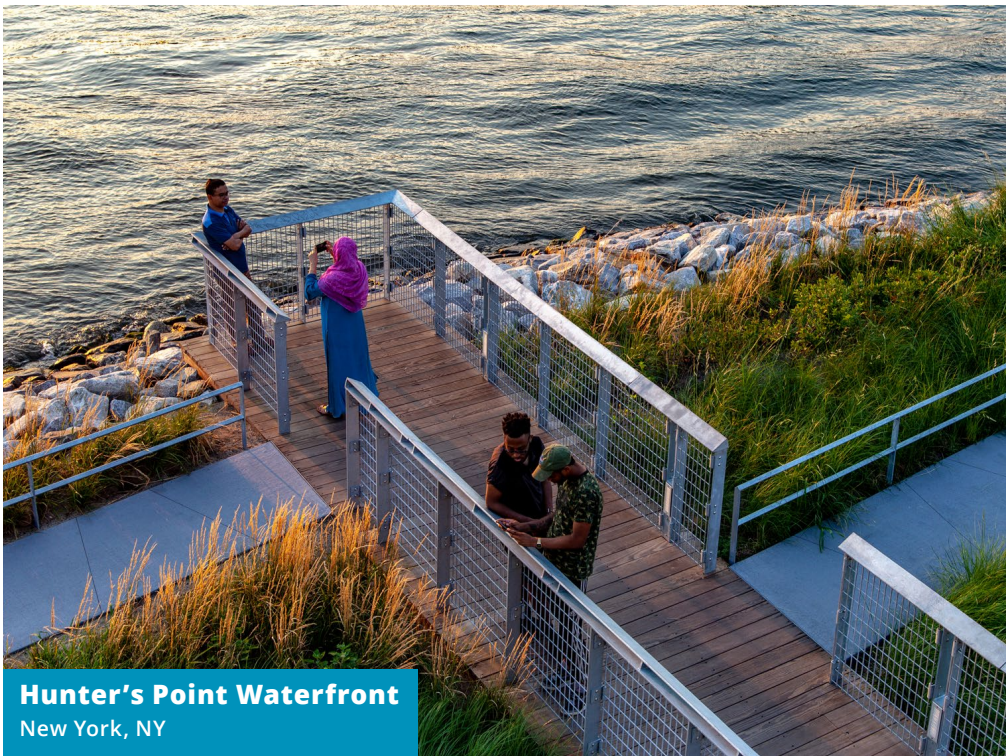


**Hunter's Point Waterfront**  
New York, NY

©Lloyd/SWA



**Infra-space 1**  
Boston, MA



**Hunter's Point Waterfront**  
New York, NY



Connect to the City



Charlesgate  
Boston, MA



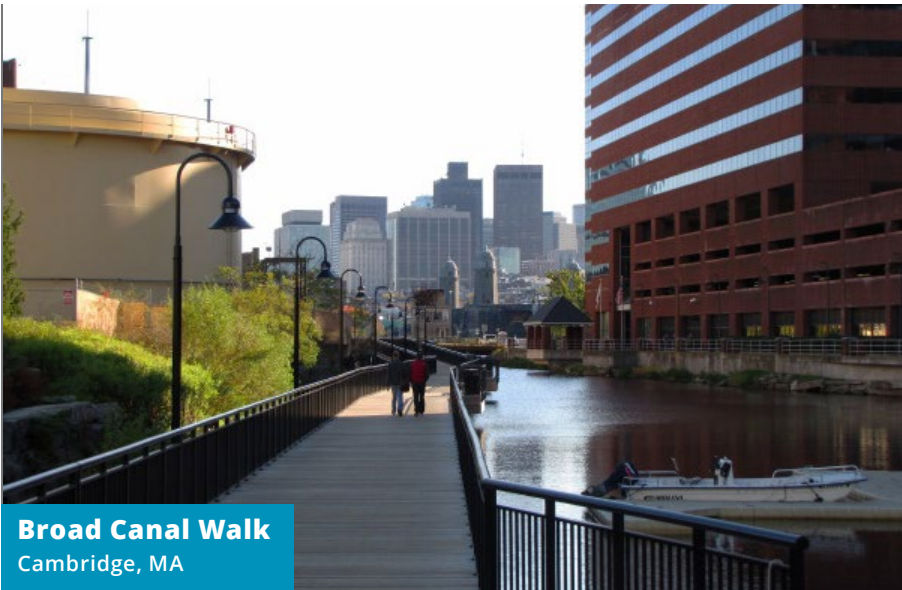
Charlesgate  
Boston, MA



Seattle Waterfront  
Seattle, WA



Build 21st Century Infrastructure





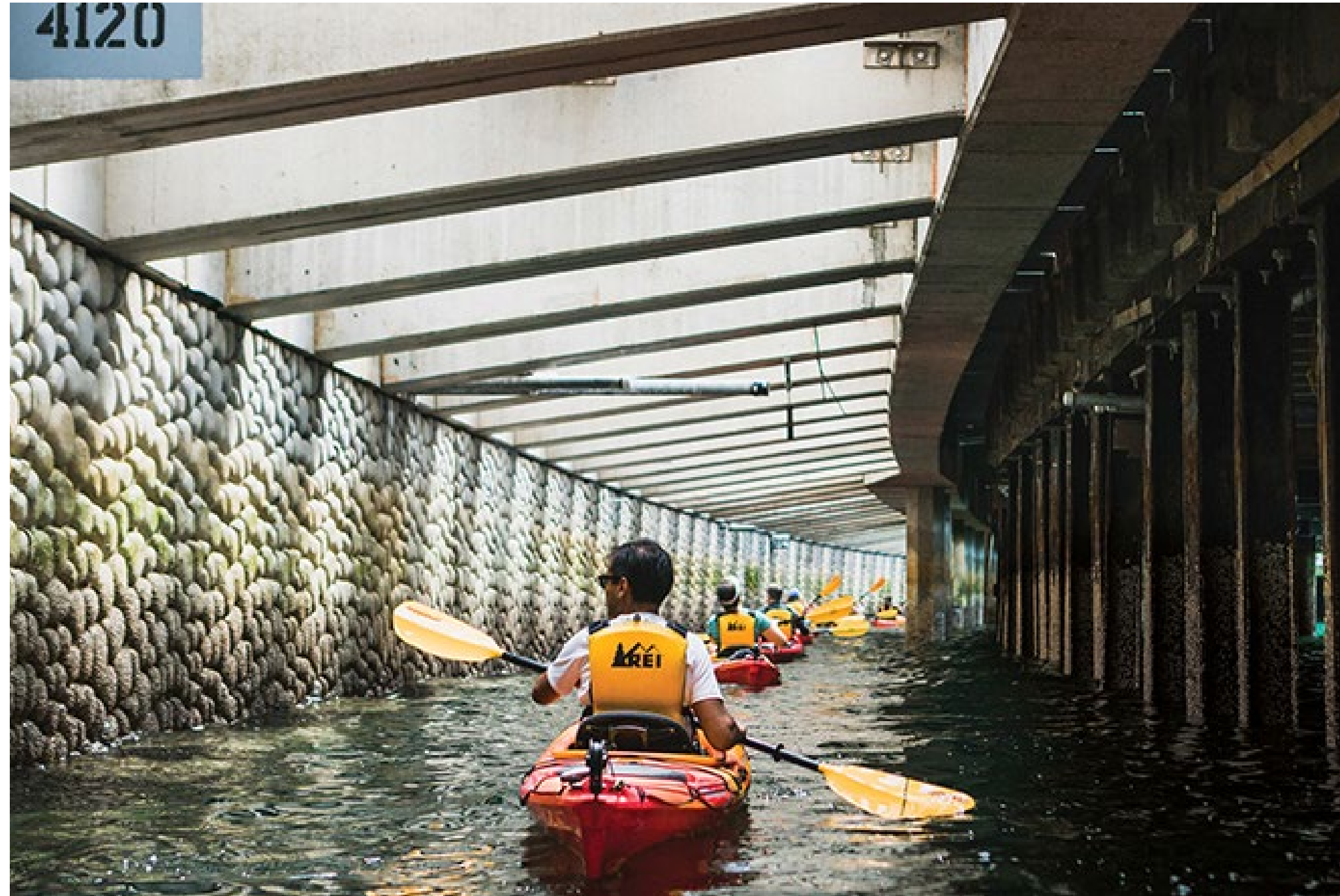
# Transportation and Ecology can co-exist



Seattle Waterfront  
Seattle, WA



Infra-space 1  
Boston, MA



# Restoring River's Edge Ecology

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## Analysis

- Evaluate existing natural systems
- Challenges of existing infrastructure systems
- Impacts of climate change
- Diverse edge conditions



## Strategies

- Tool kit of natural strategies
- Case studies



## Exploration

- Framework of guiding principles
- Propose natural strategies for diverse edge conditions
- Framework for connectivity
- Establish ecosystems that promote biodiversity and enhance ecology

# Analysis

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## Plans

- Understand environmental issues and evaluate existing natural systems
- Challenges and opportunities to enhance ecology and establish aquatic habitat
- Understand the limitations and challenges of existing infrastructure
- Evaluate the impact of climate change
- Analyze the diverse edge conditions and experiential qualities



# Bathymetry

## Challenges + Opportunities

- Identify shallow areas in the river bed to establish aquatic habitats
- Understand natural topography and drainage patterns
- Identify areas with steep slopes that casuse erosion and sedimentation in the river bed

### Isobaths (f)





## Analysis

# Topography

### Challenges + Opportunities

- Identify ideal locations to propose BMPS to mitigate stormwater and flooding issues
- The low-lying areas of Allston Landing and the Enterprise Research Campus are vulnerable to flooding
- Identify areas that are vulnerable to flooding and projected flood elevations

### Elevation (f)





# Infrastructure

## Challenges + Opportunities

- Improve overall water quality to support aquatic habitat & biodiversity
- Collect and treat discharge from CSO and remove pollutants prior to entering the Charles River
- Introduce BMPS to treat stormwater runoff from roadways and reduce pollution discharge into the river

### Key

- BWSC Outfalls
- CSO Outfalls
- DCR Outfalls
- 📊 Monitoring Station
- ▬ Sub-watersheds
- ▬ Underground Culverts
- Pollution + Sediment





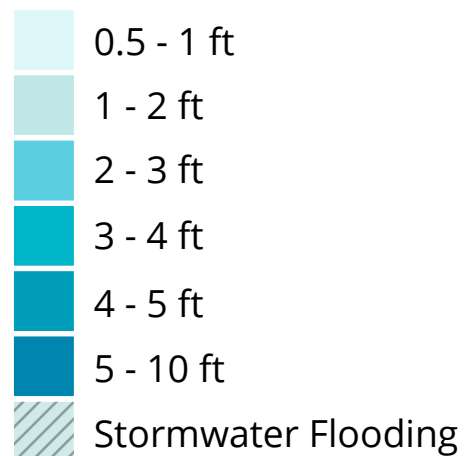
## Analysis

# 1% Annual Flooding

### Challenges + Opportunities

- Limited storage capacity to capture and treat 1"-5" storm events
- Inland flood issues anticipated due to climate change impacts
- Address the impacts of climate change and make the river resilient by increasing flood storage along riverbanks

### 2070 0.1% Inundation Depth





## Analysis

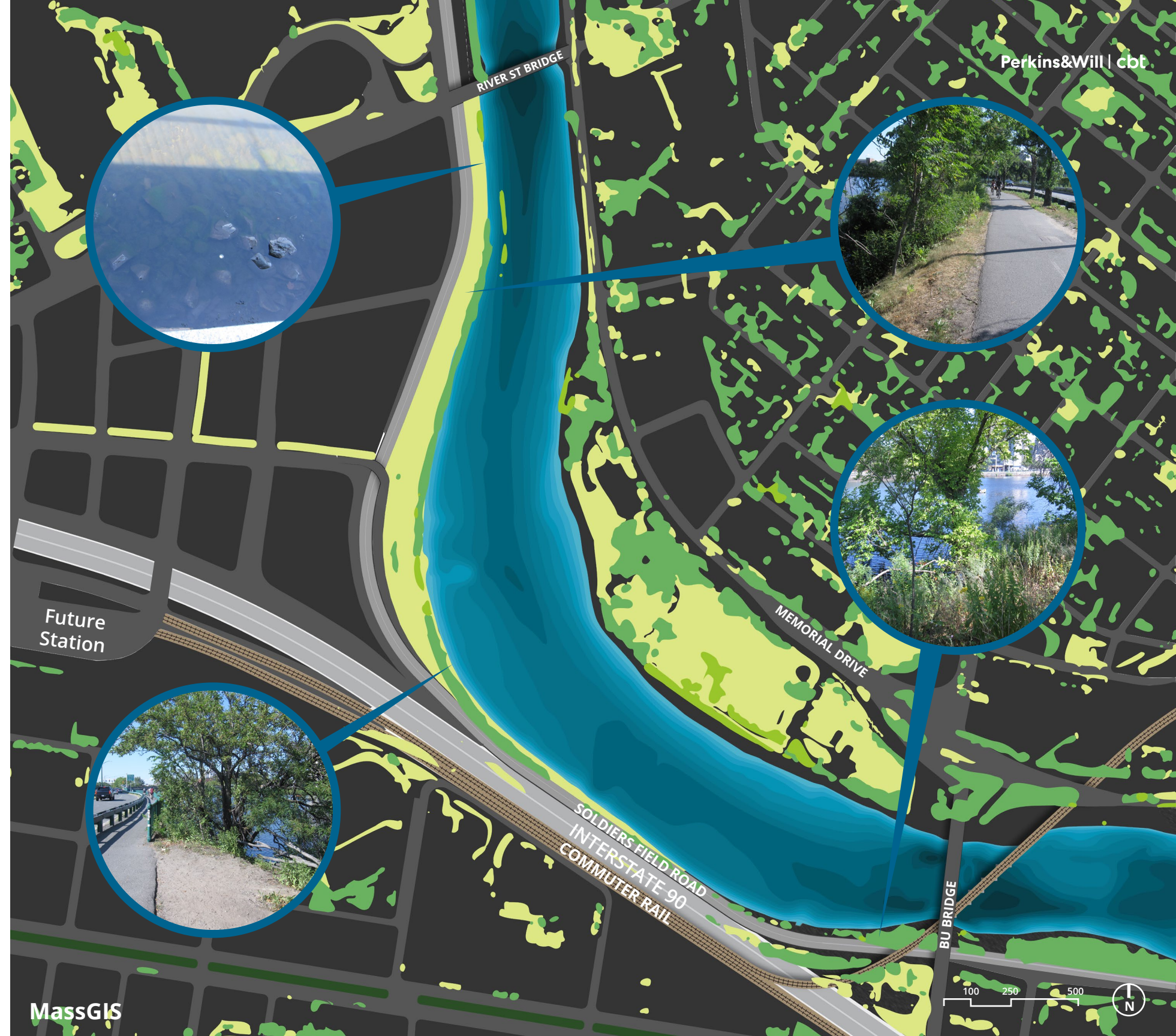
# Ecology & Habitat

### Challenges + Opportunities

- Limited width for trees and shrubs that prevent erosion along steep slopes
- Invasive and nuisance species such as Japanese knotweed that do not enable biodiversity
- Historically important fish habitat has been drastically reduced
- Richness of species is constrained by compacted, barren soils
- Promote a stable tree canopy to provide shade and mitigate the heat island effect

### Key

- Developed Open Space
- Tree Cover
- Shrub Cover





Analysis

Surface Temperature

Challenges + Opportunities

- Roadways immediately adjacent to river intensify the heat island effect
- Additional pavement, hardscape, and buildings developed for Allston Landing will exacerbate temperatures
- Higher river temperatures can stress the ecosystem, resulting in toxic algal blooms and fish die-off

Modeled Air Temperature° ( F)

July / August 2019





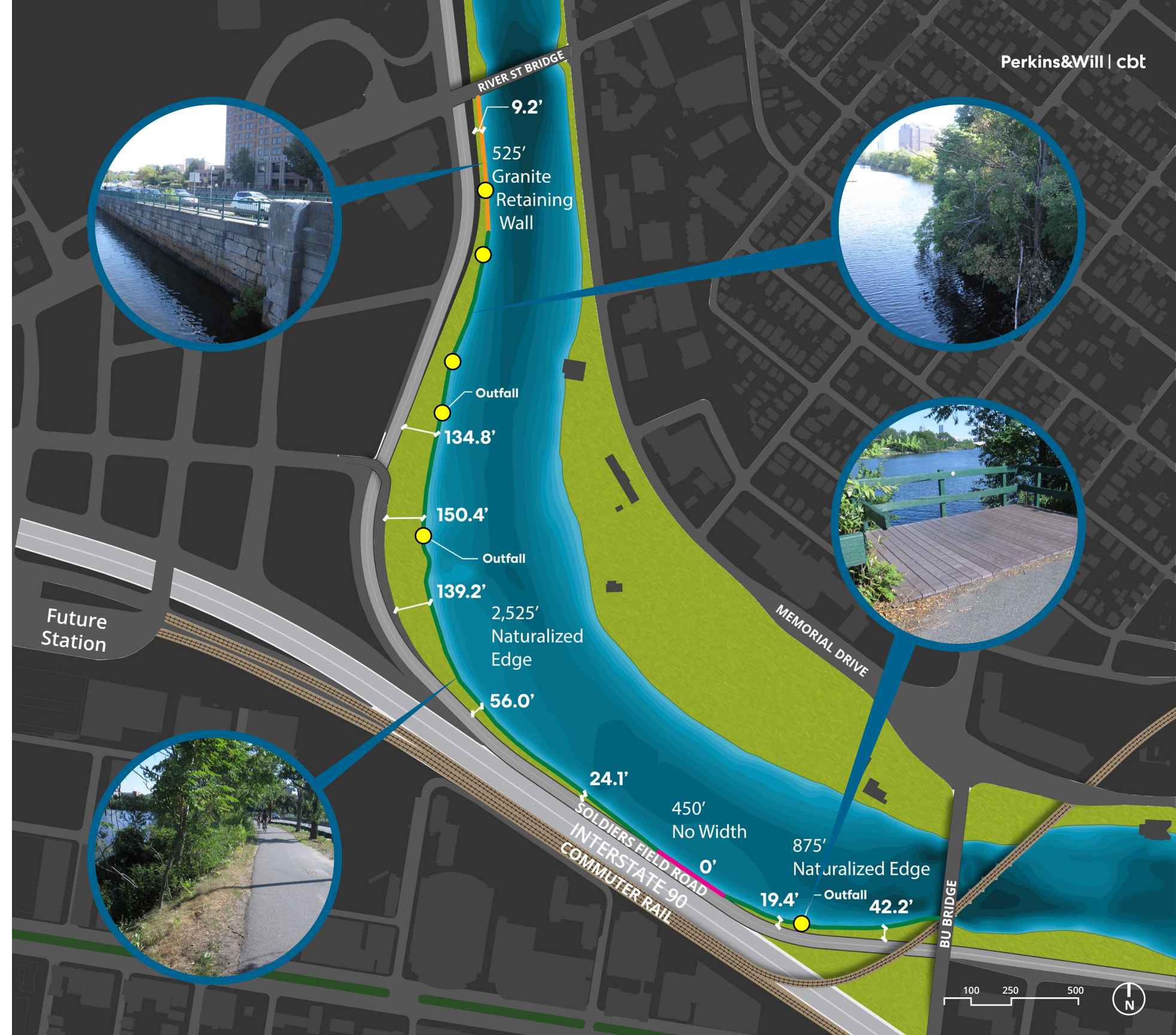
## Edge Conditions

### Challenges + Opportunities

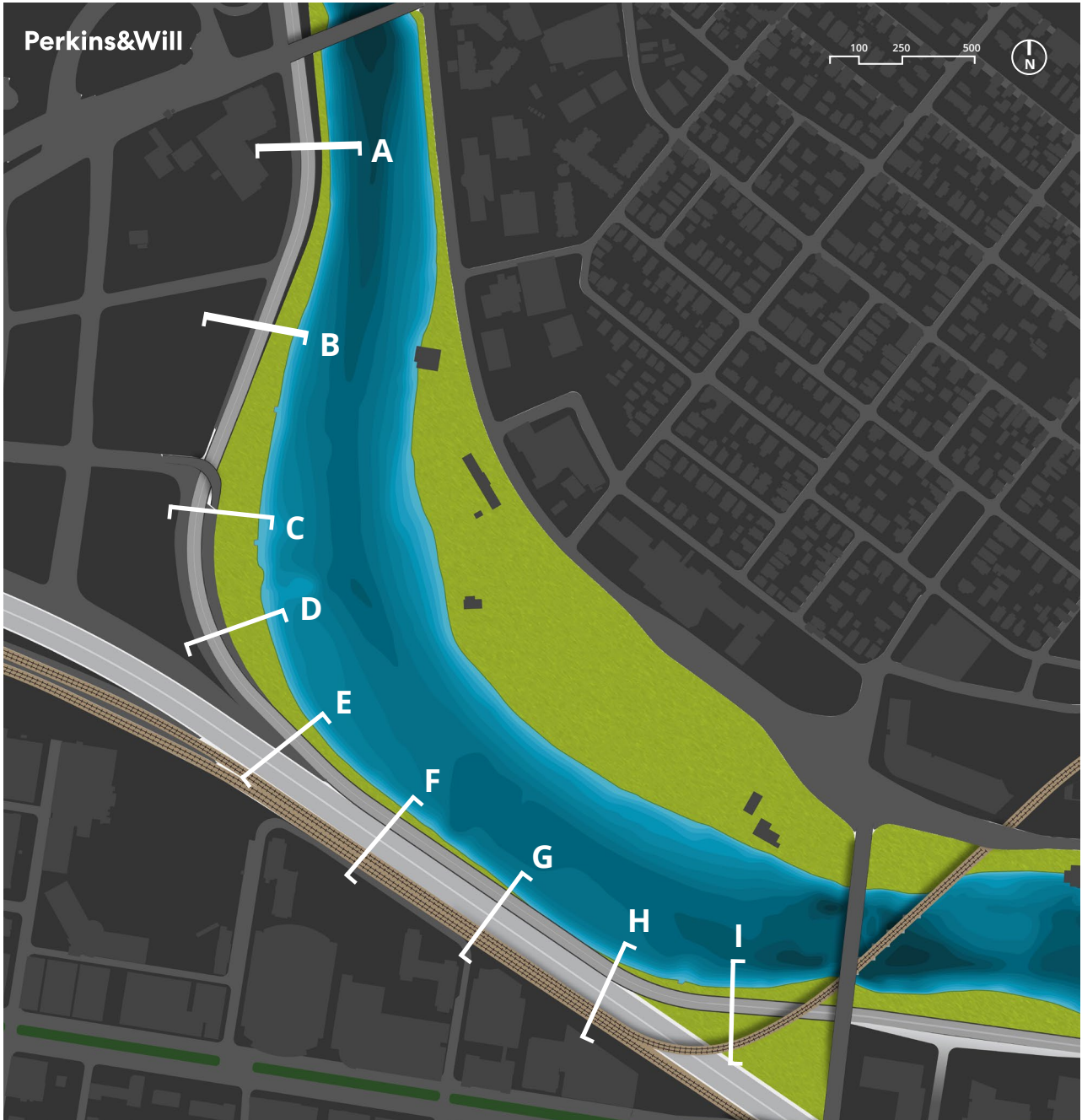
- Significant erosion issues along rip rap edge, mixed in with asphalt pavement
- Steep riverbanks & lack of plants with strong roots increase erosion issues
- Limited width to incorporate multi-modal pathways and stormwater treatment strategies
- High volumes of untreated pollution discharge directly into the river bed

### Key

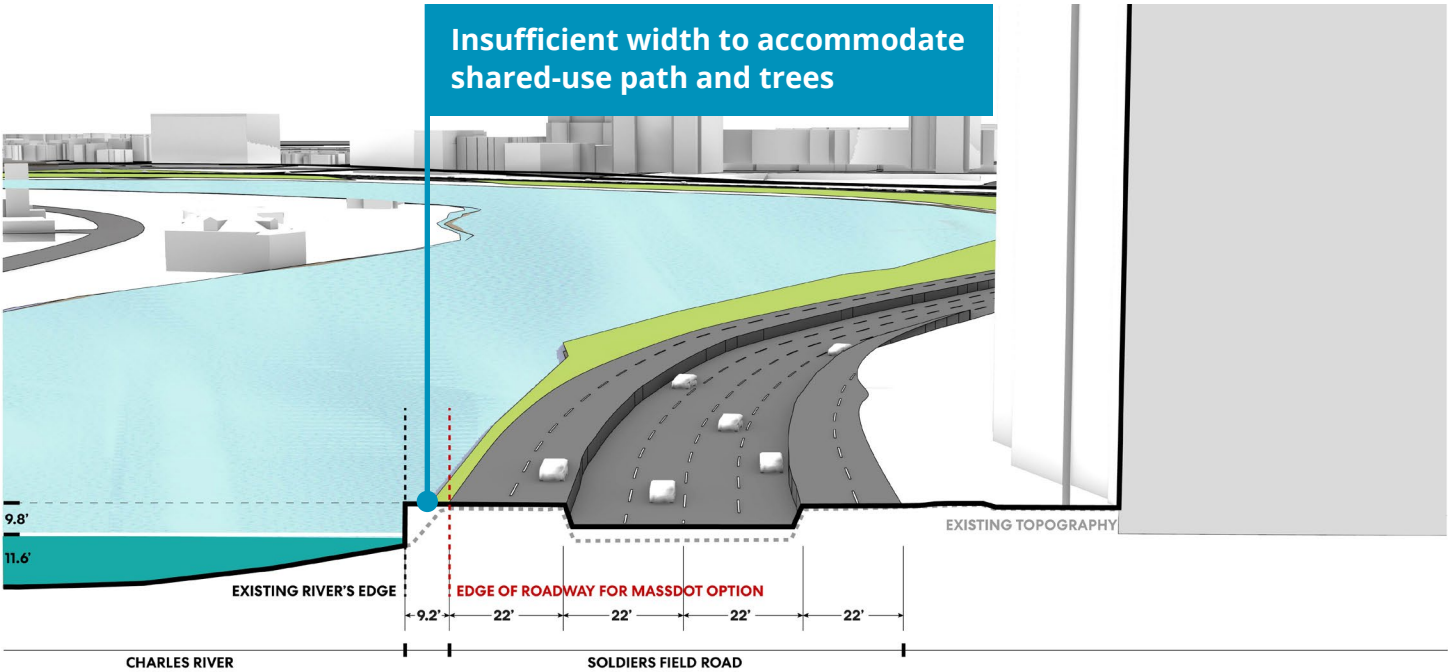
- Granite Retaining Wall
- Eroded Naturalized Edge
- Road Immediately Adjacent
- BSWC Outfalls



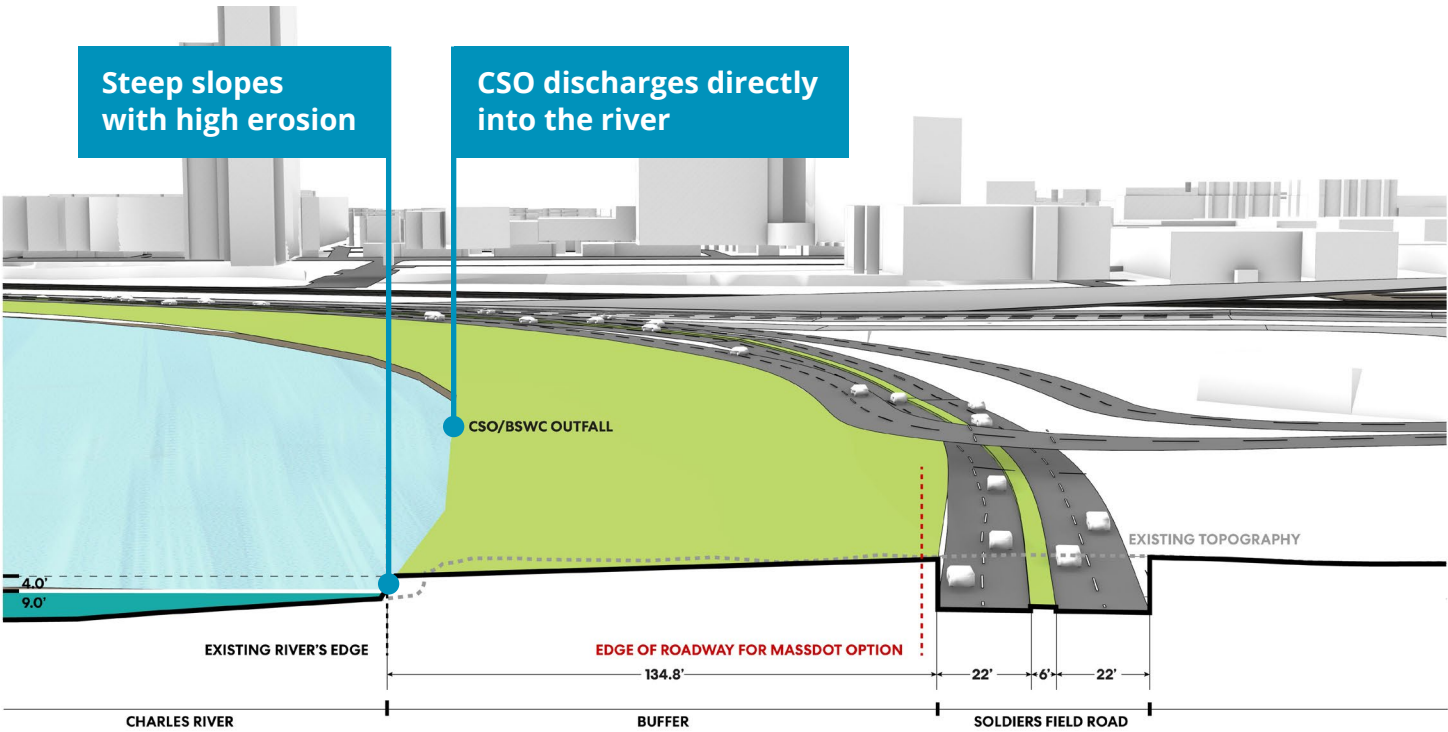




Plan



Section A

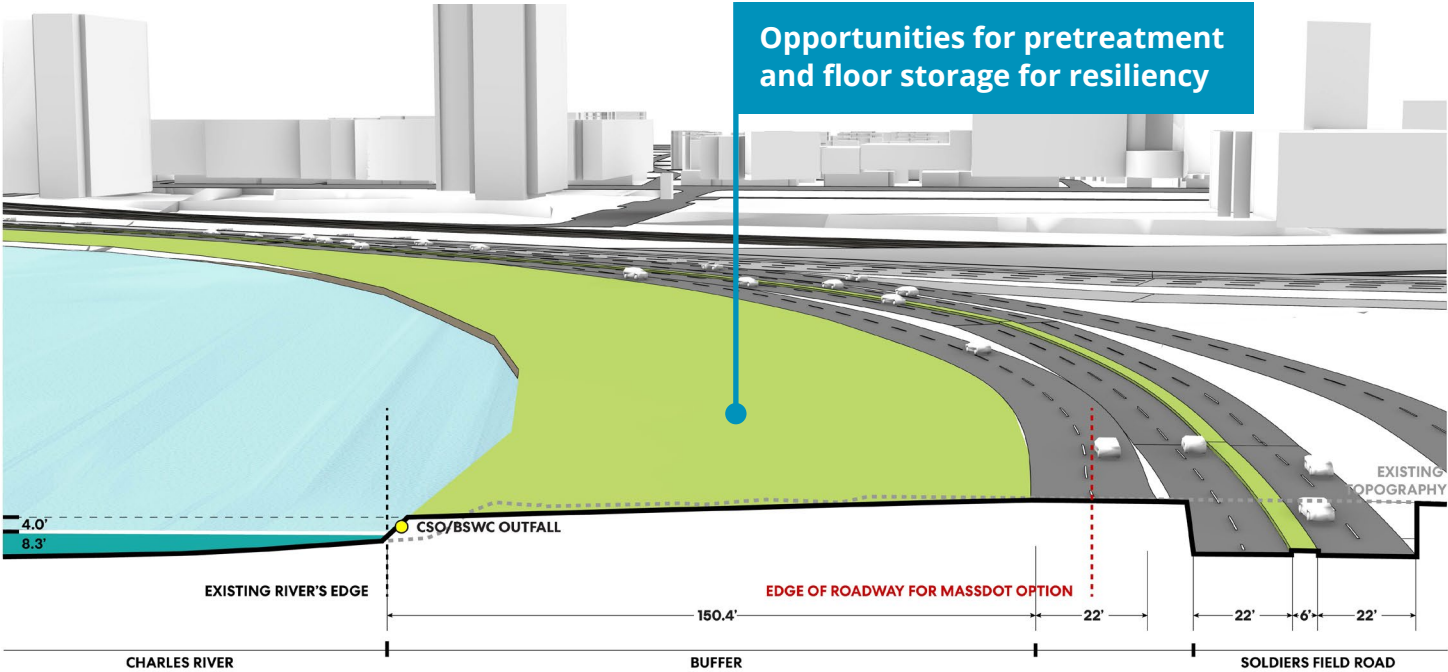


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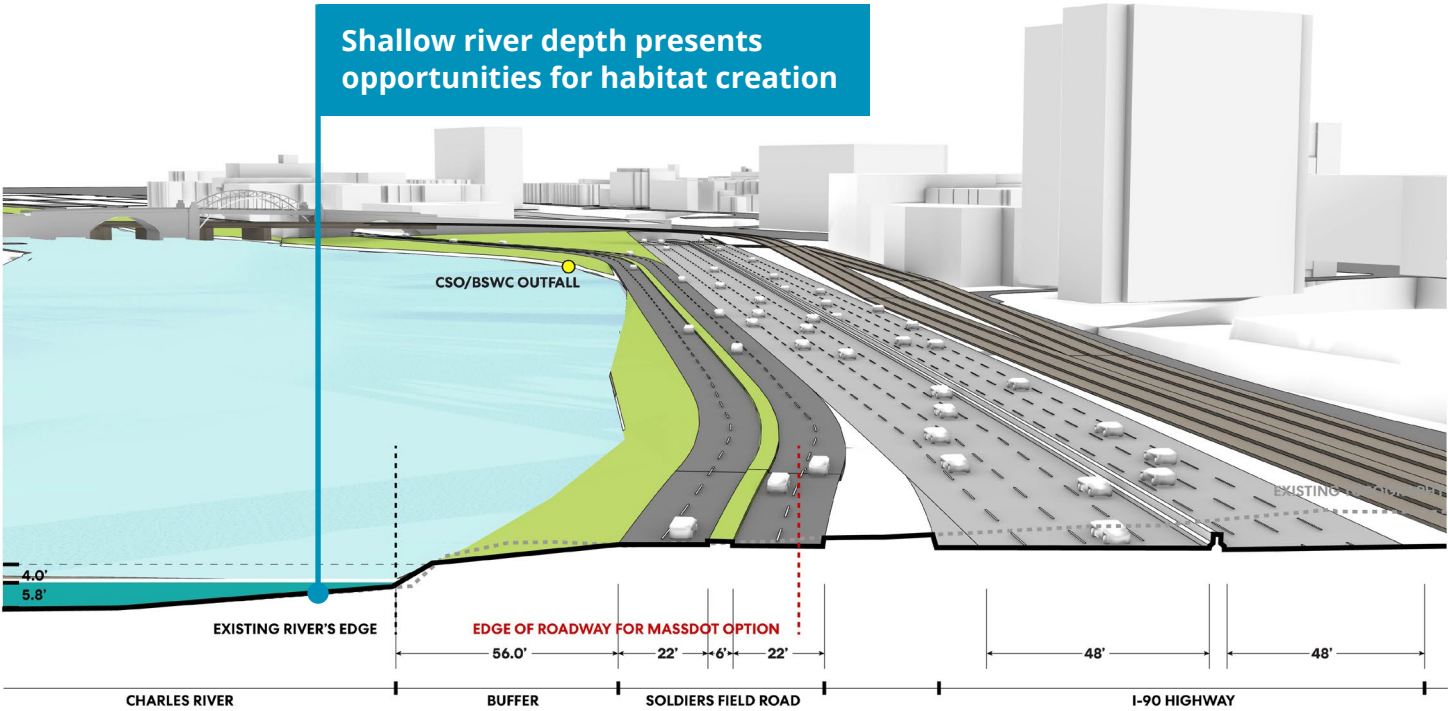




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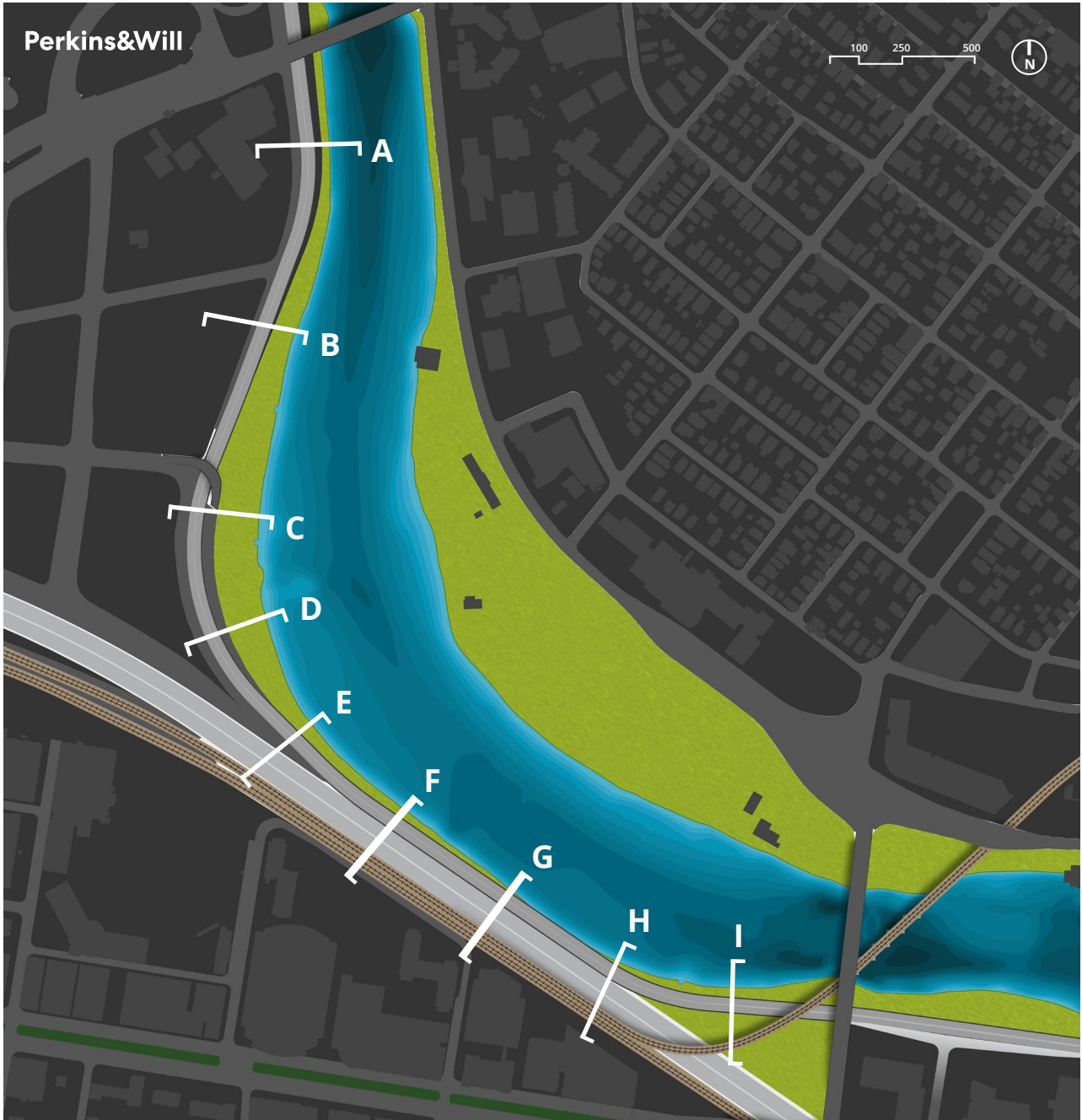


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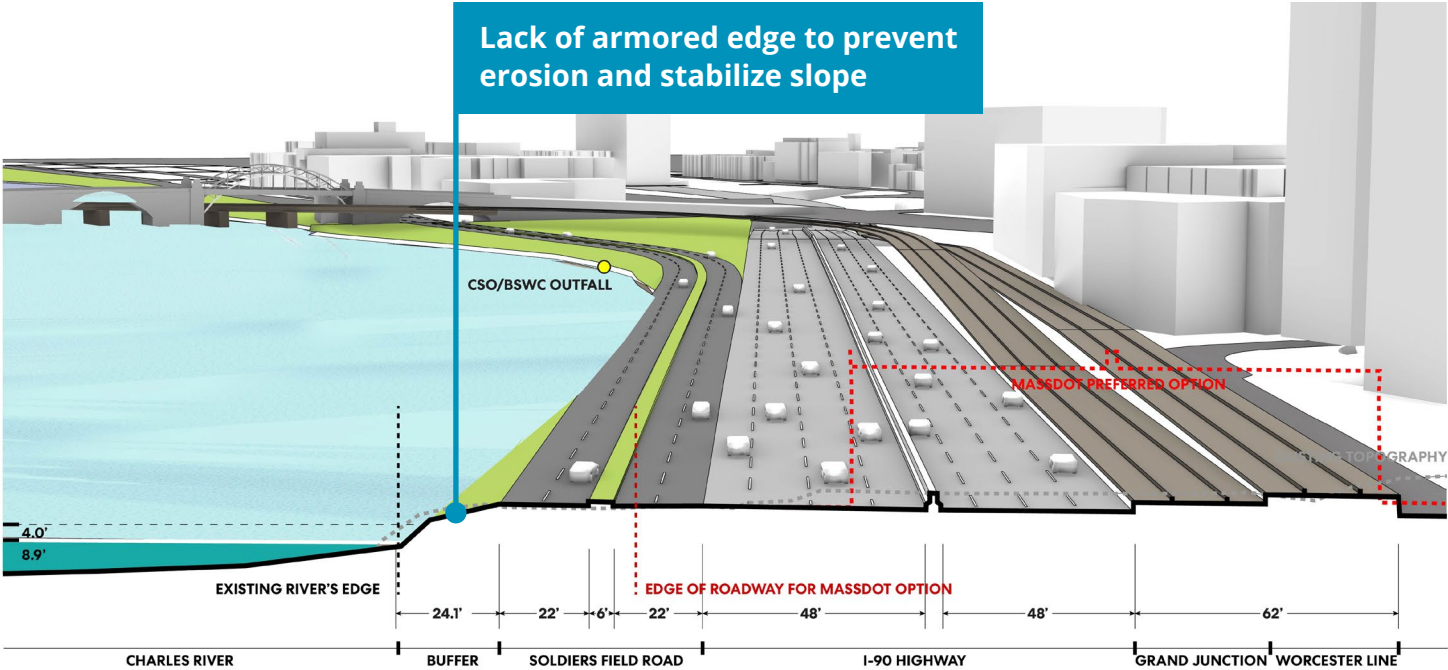


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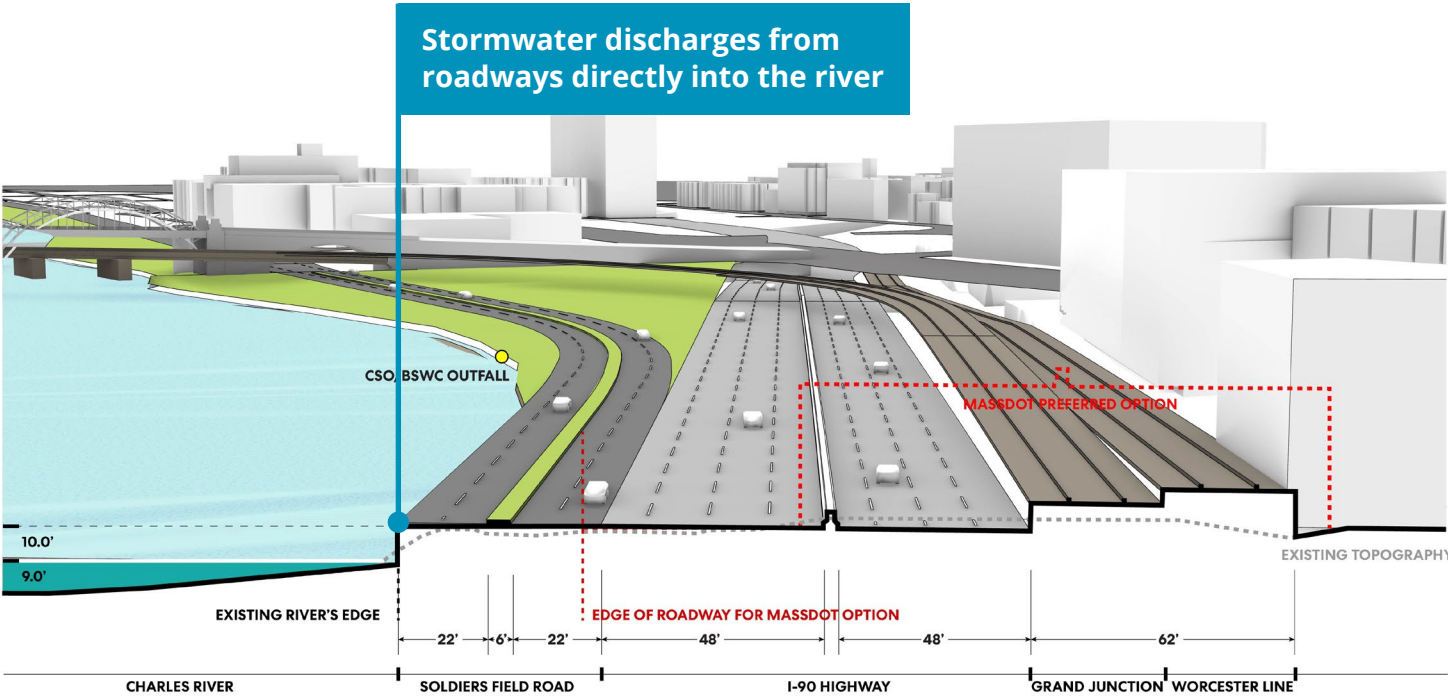




Plan



Section F

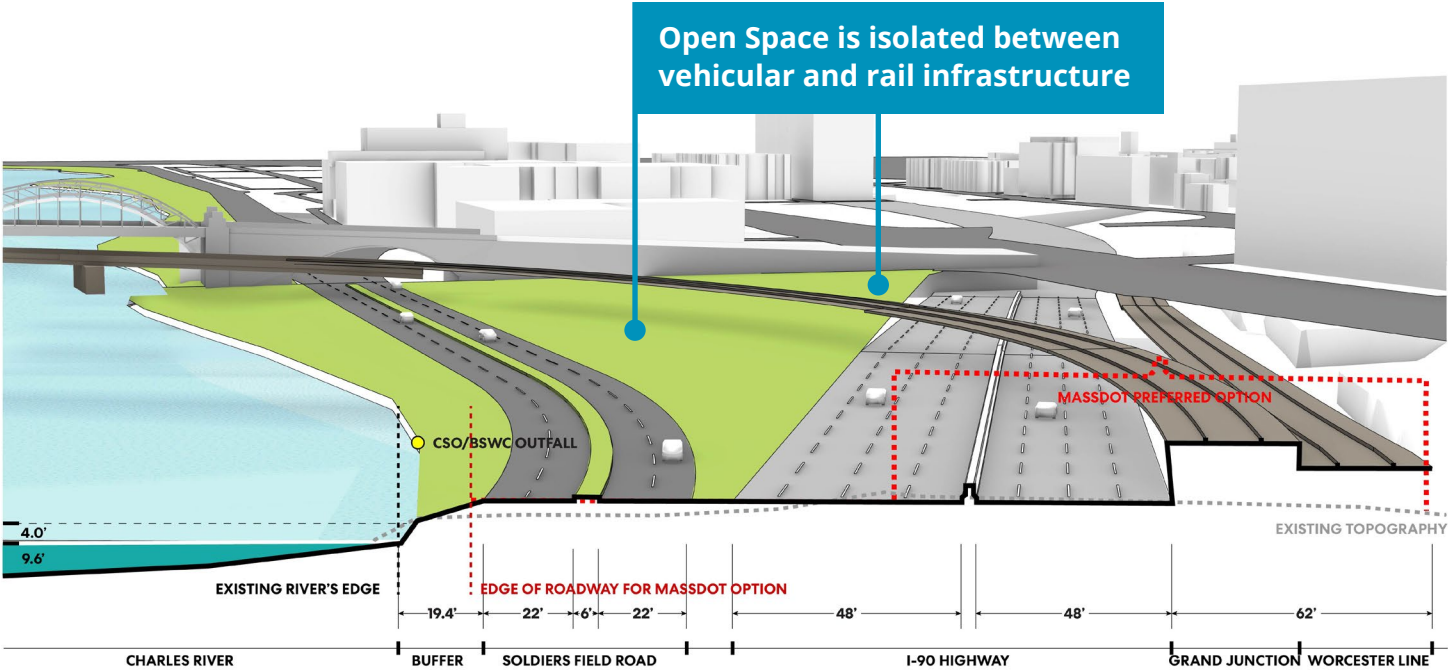


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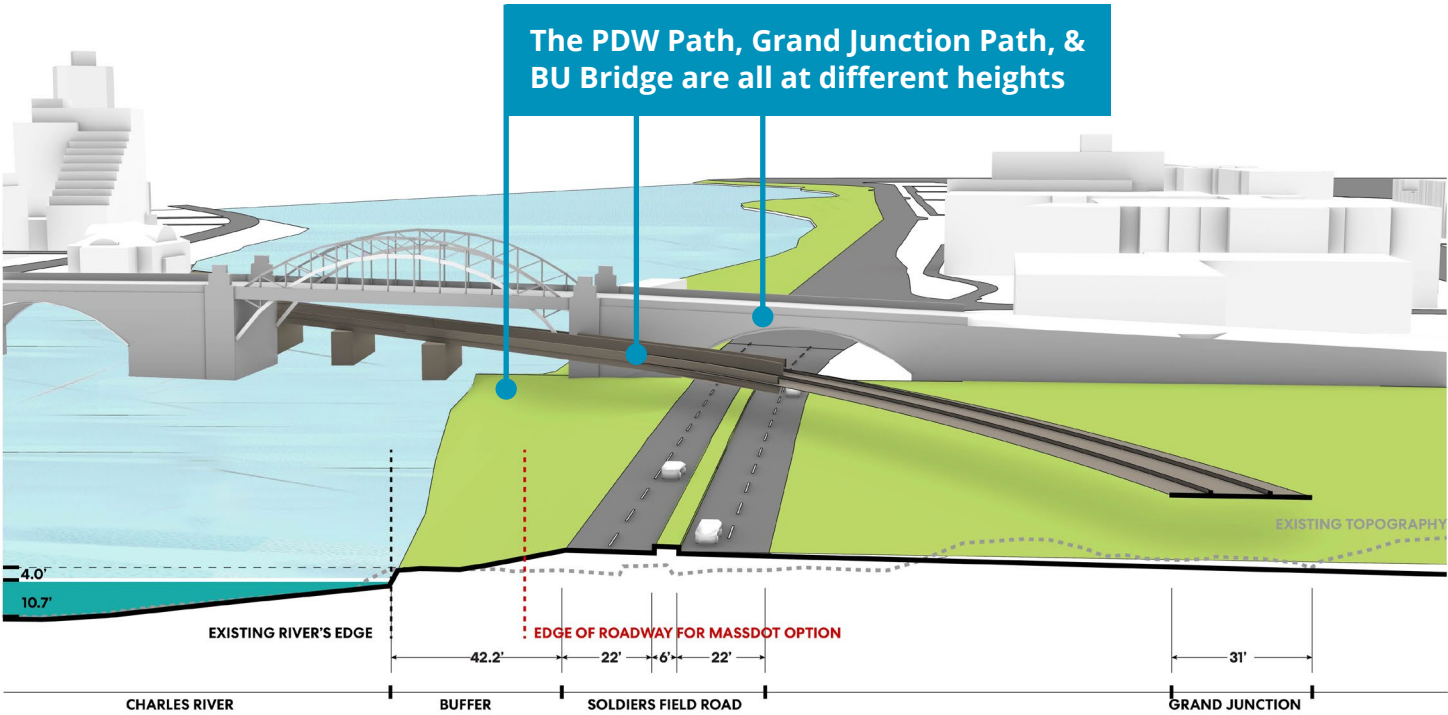




Plan



SECTION H



SECTION I



# Strategies

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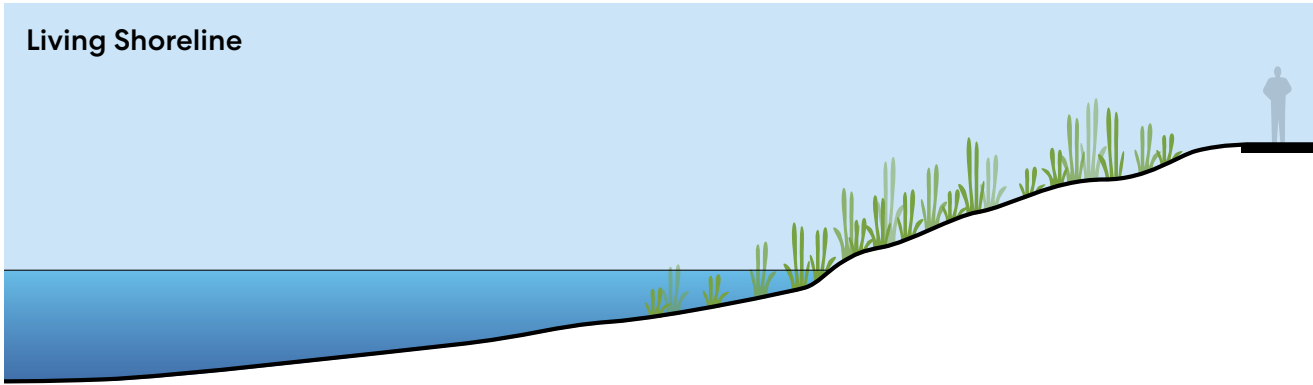
## Tool Kit

- Create a toolkit of landscape strategies to create a living shoreline
- Understand the comparative benefits and impacts of each intervention
- Draw upon knowledge gained from preexisting examples and precedents

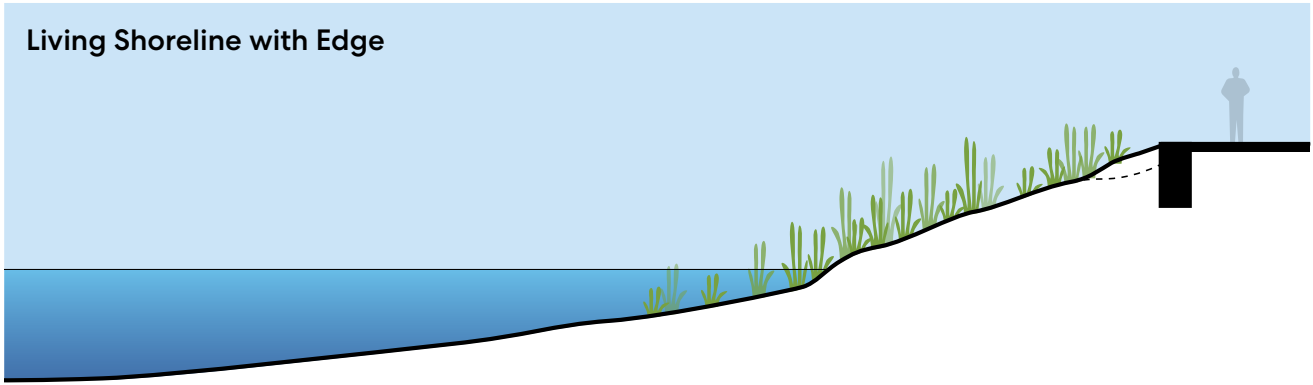


# Naturalized Edges

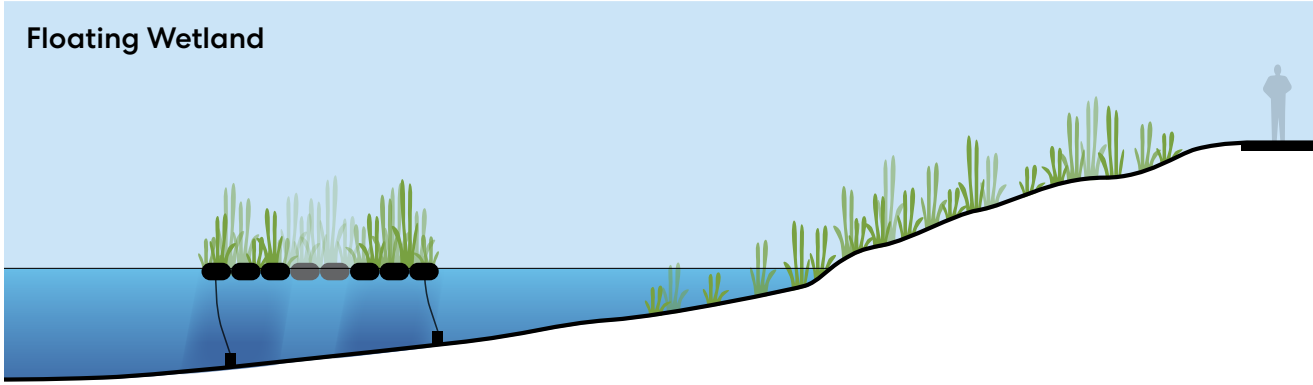
Living Shoreline



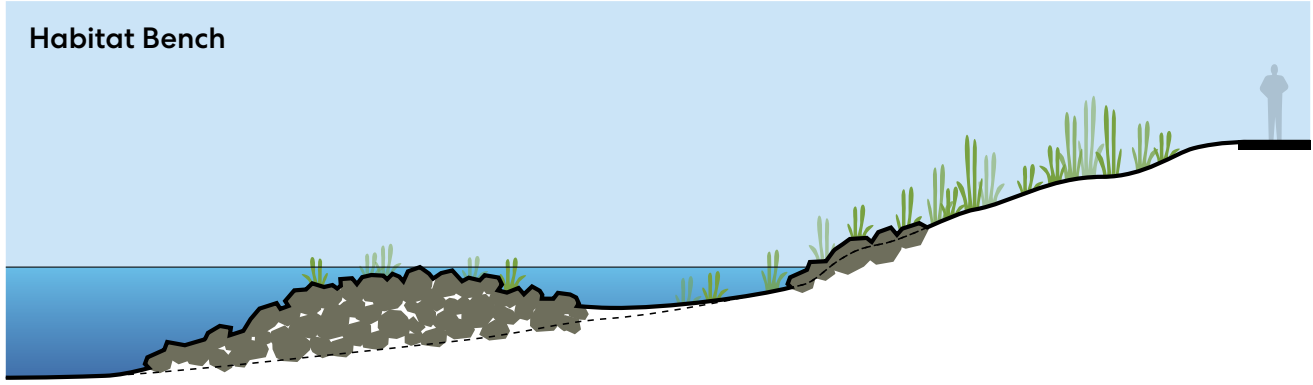
Living Shoreline with Edge



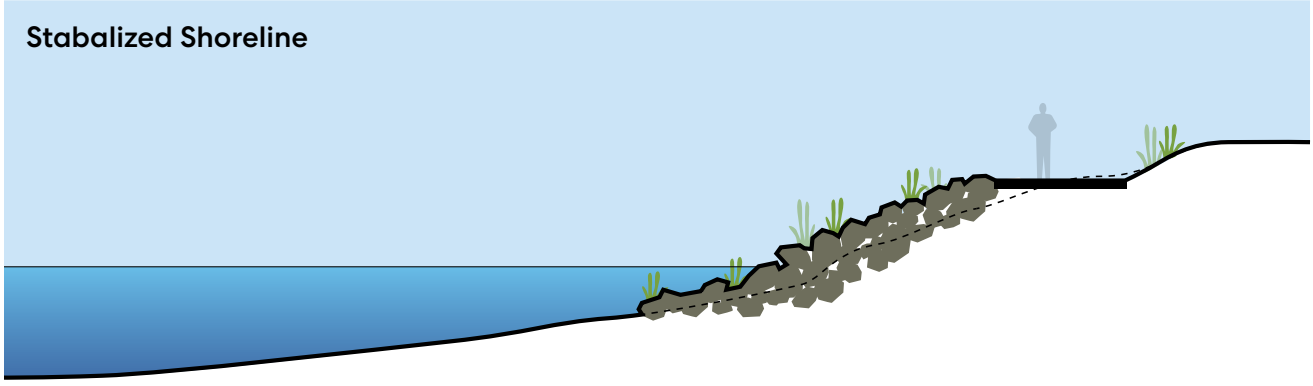
Floating Wetland



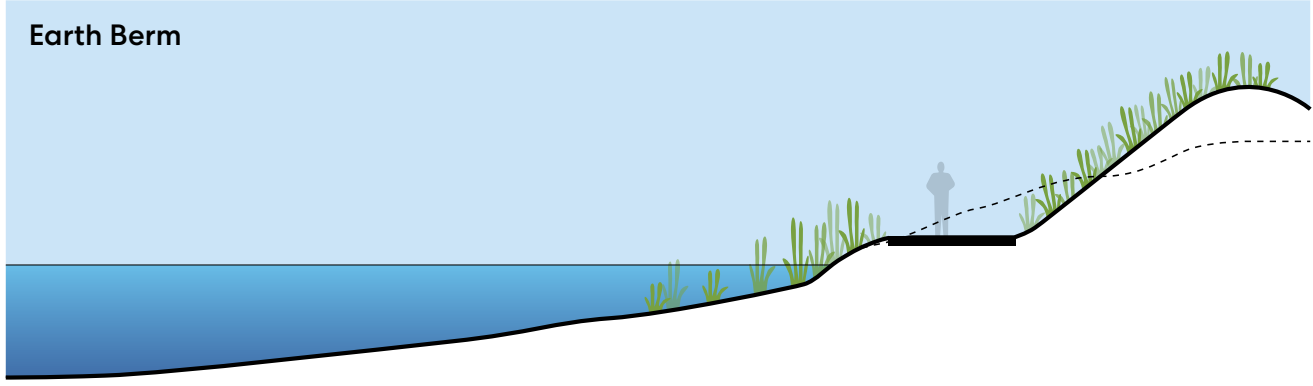
Habitat Bench



Stabalized Shoreline



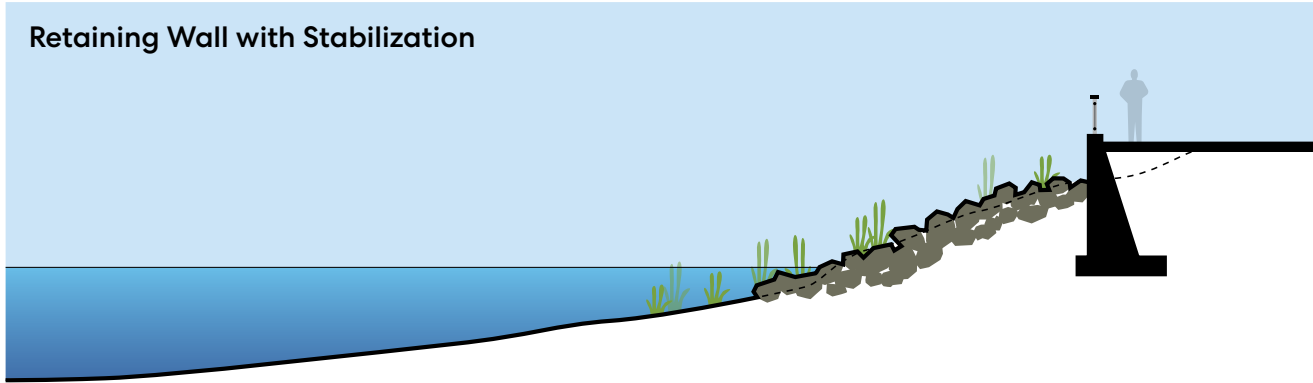
Earth Berm



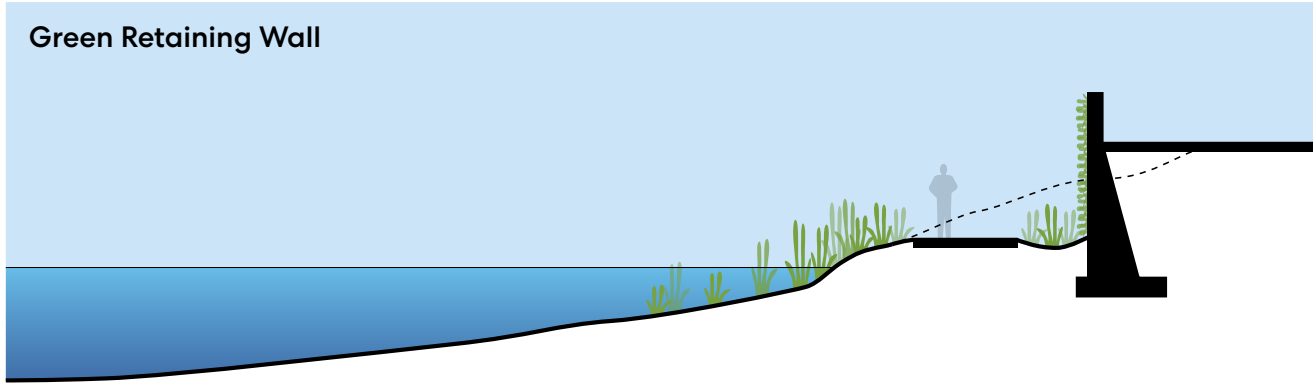


# Constructed Edges

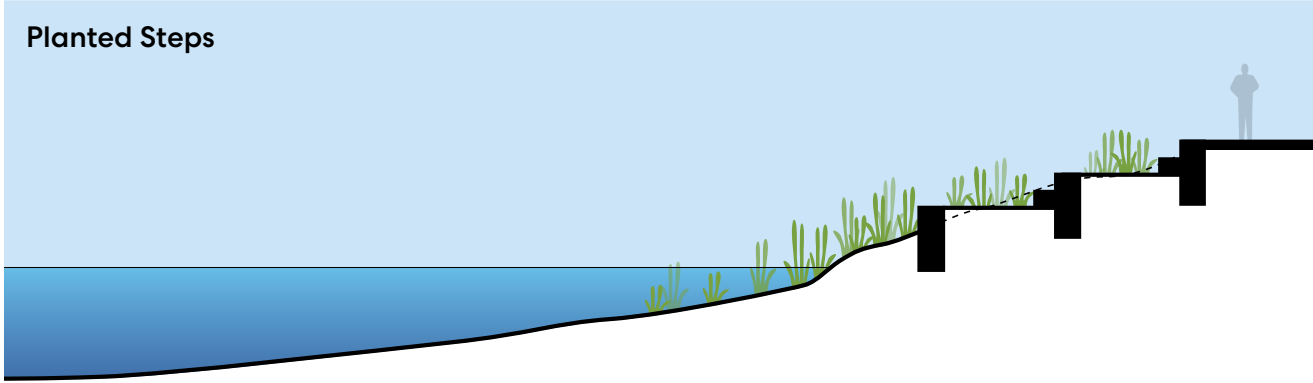
Retaining Wall with Stabilization



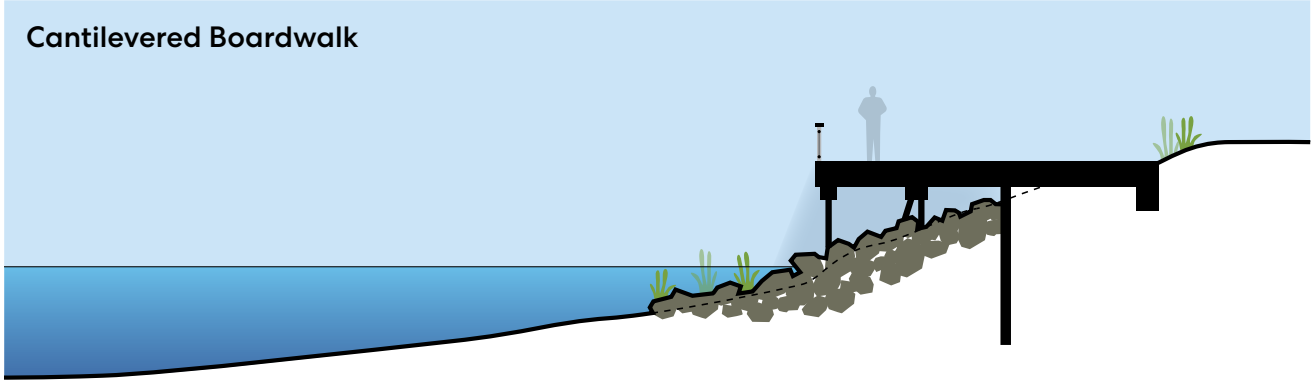
Green Retaining Wall



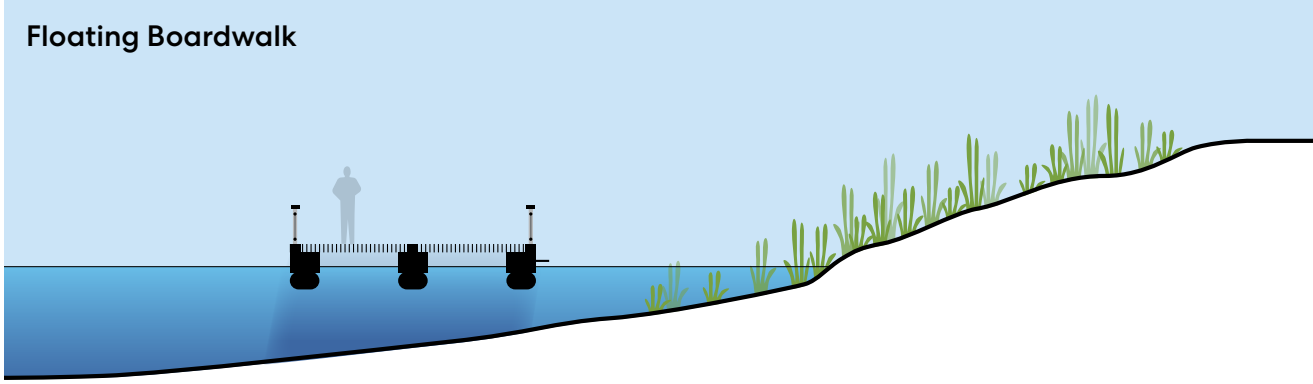
Planted Steps



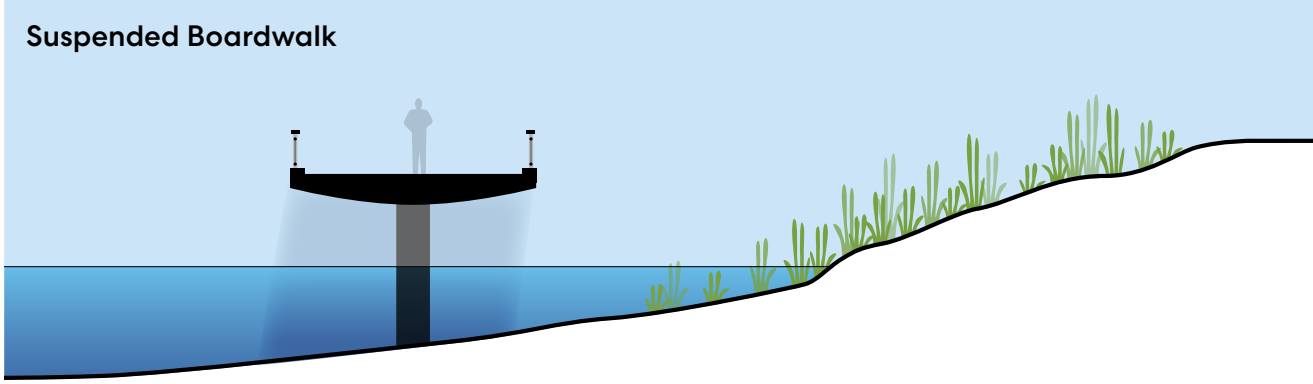
Cantilevered Boardwalk



Floating Boardwalk



Suspended Boardwalk





# Exploration

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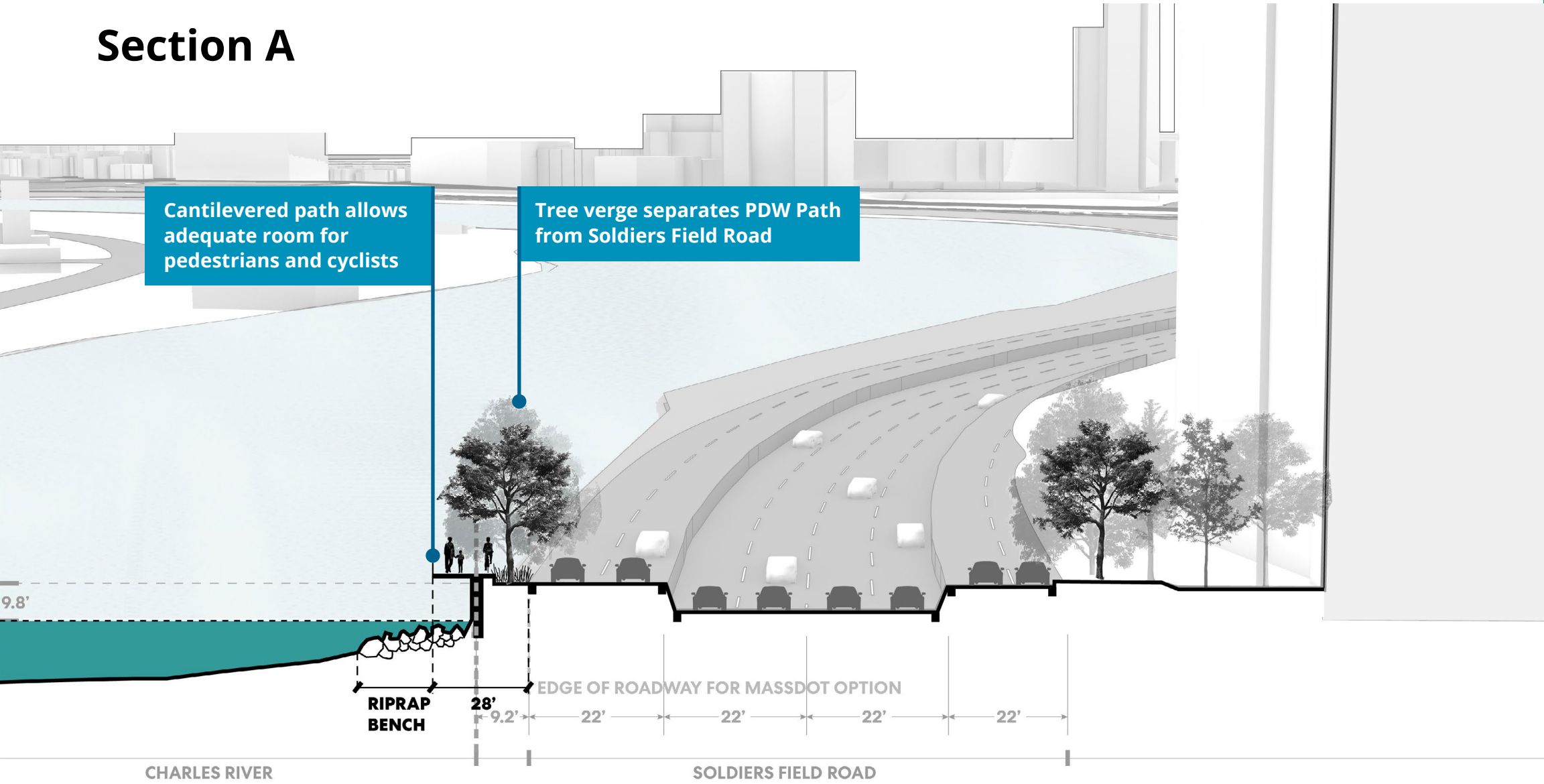
## Sections

- Propose a series of landscape systems that mitigate the impacts of pollution discharge and improve environmental conditions
- Address the impacts of climate change to create a resilient riverfront
- Re-imagine the river's edge as a natural living shoreline of rich and diverse ecosystems
- Introduce robust circulation systems and open spaces connecting surrounding communities to the riverfront



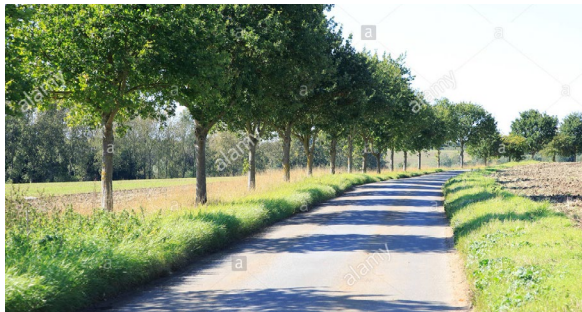
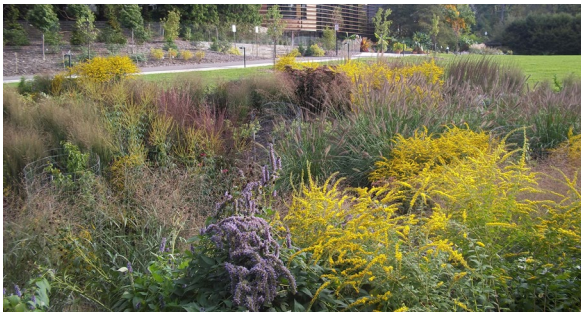
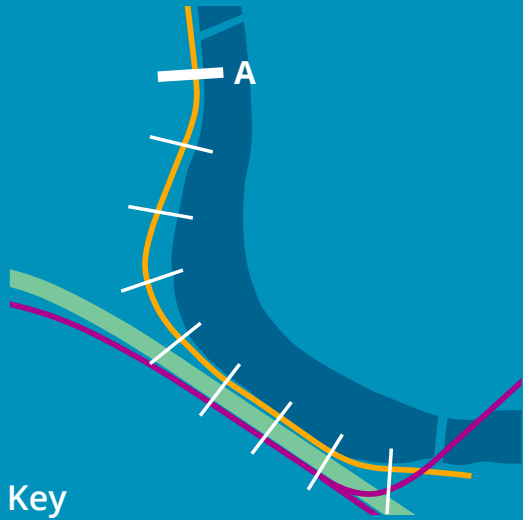
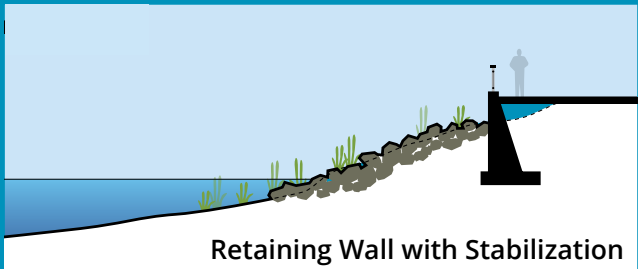
Exploration

Section A



Strategies

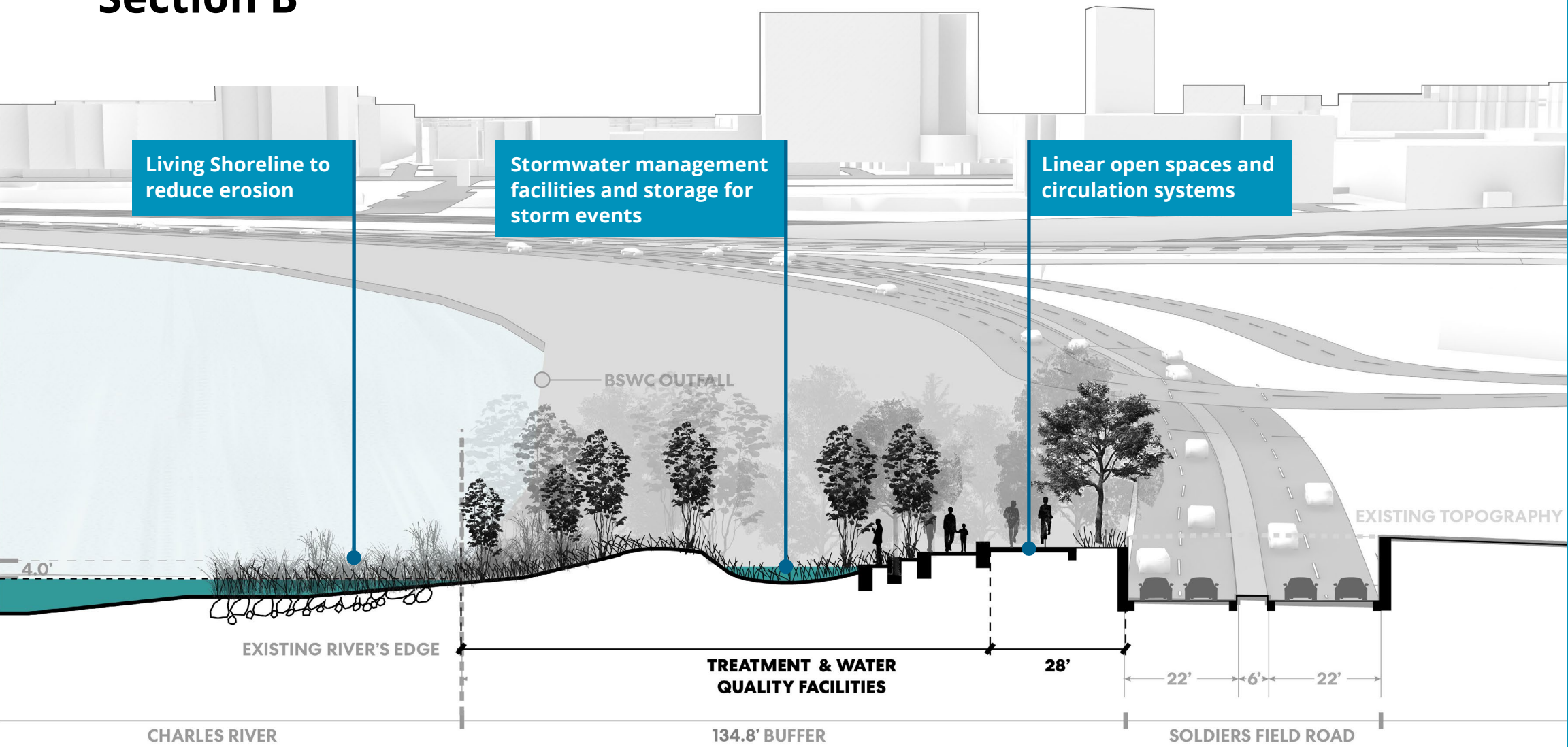
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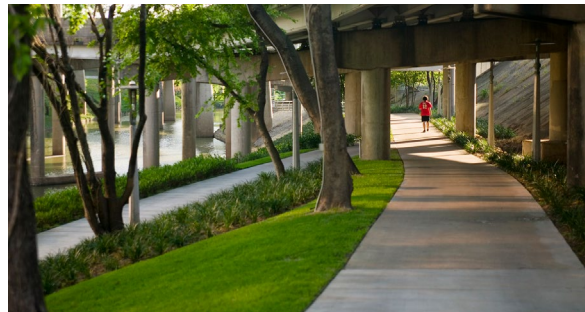
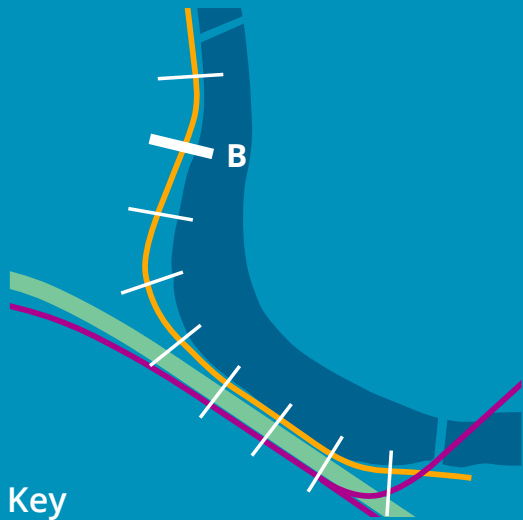
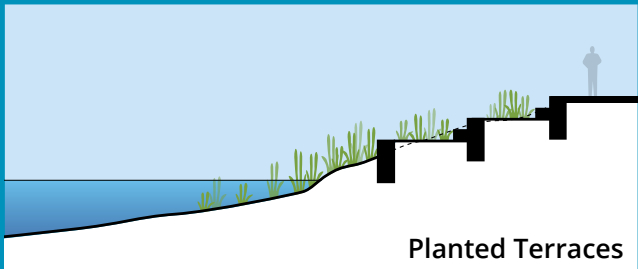
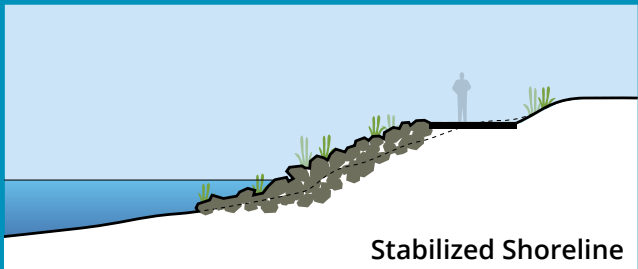
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Section B



Strategies

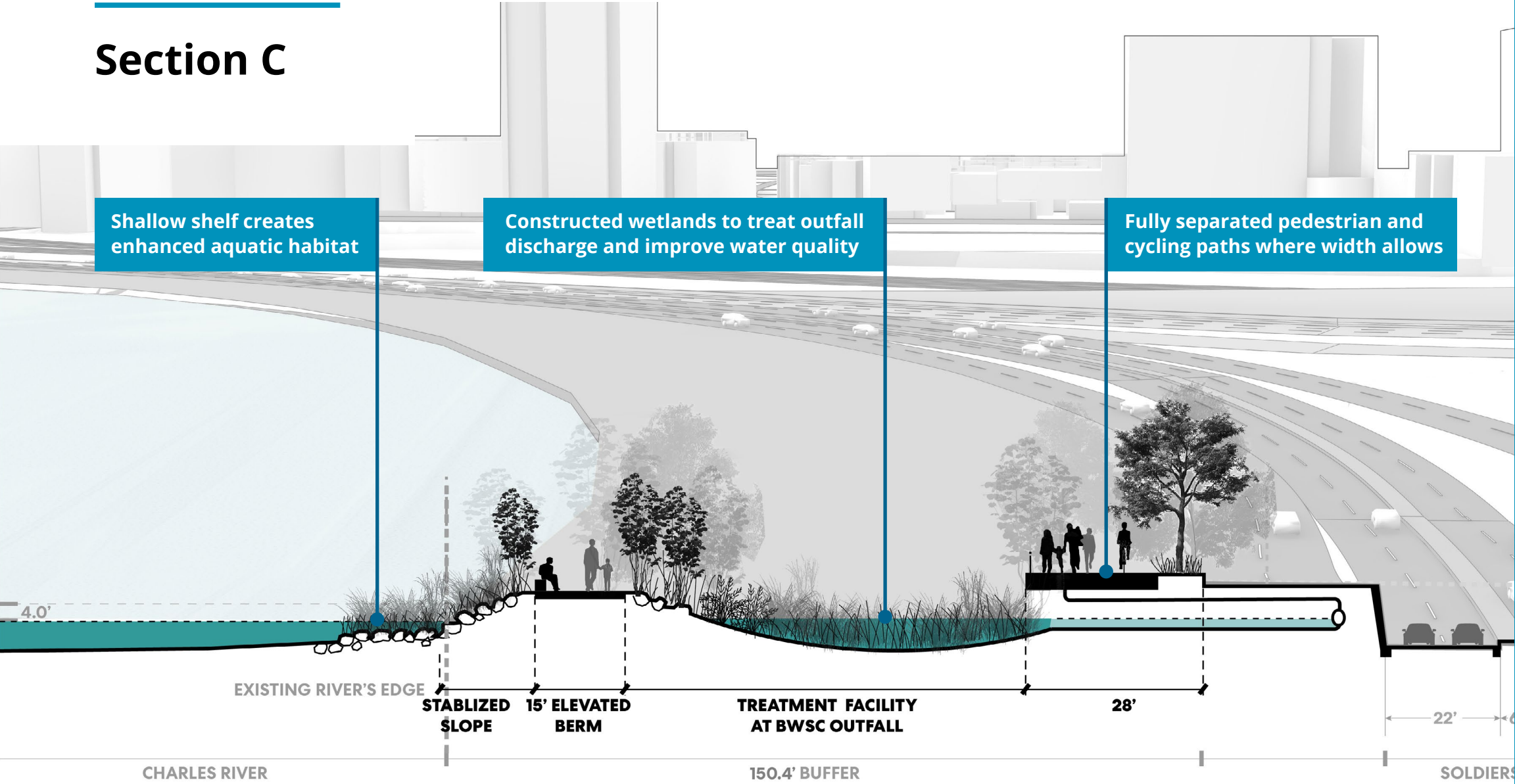
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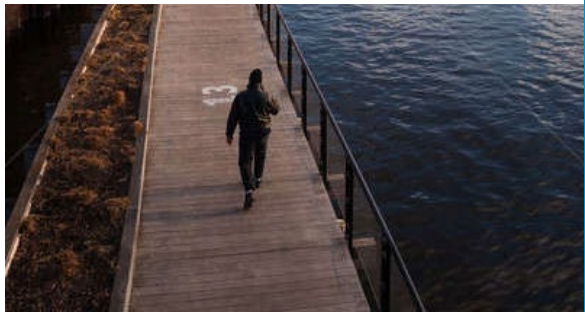
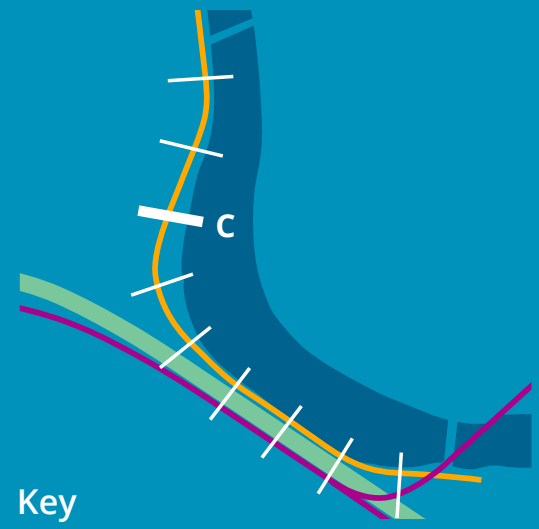
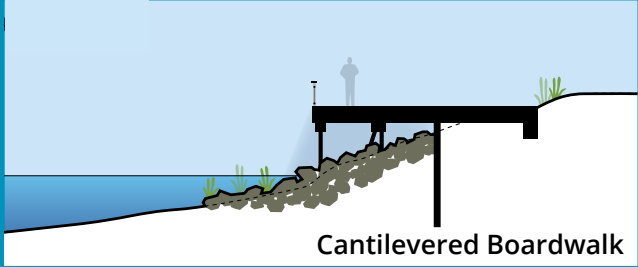
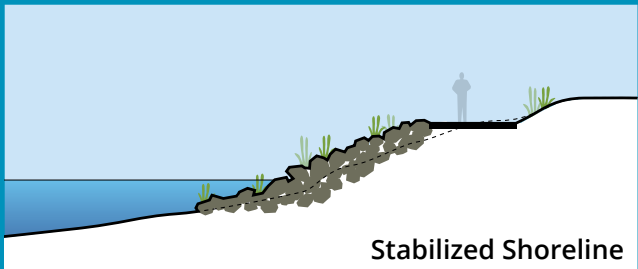
Exploration

Section C



Strategies

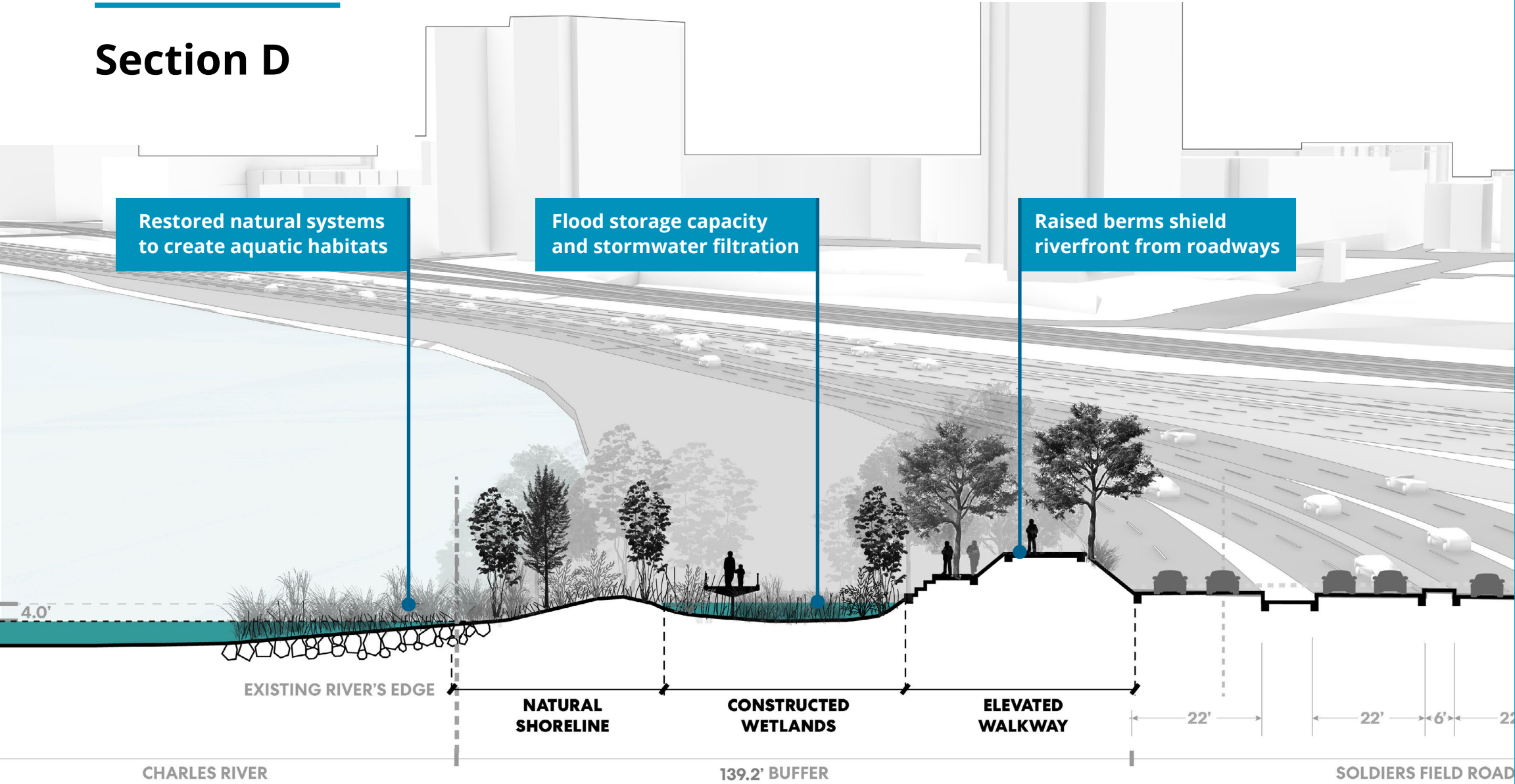
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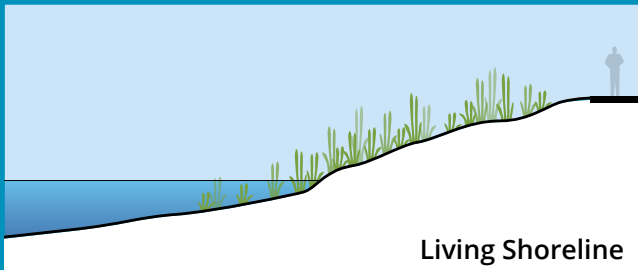
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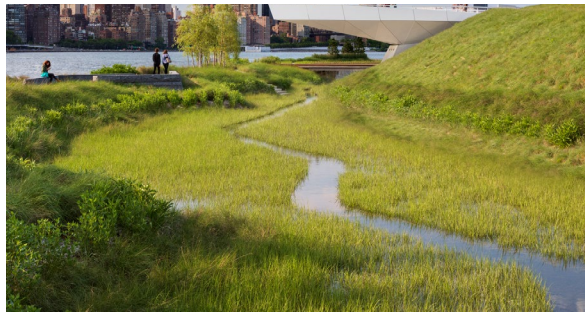
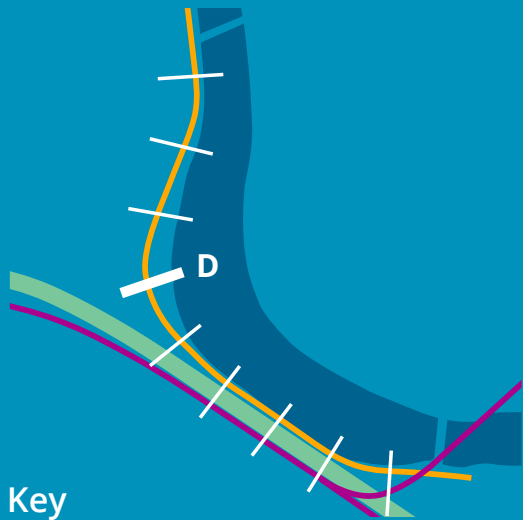
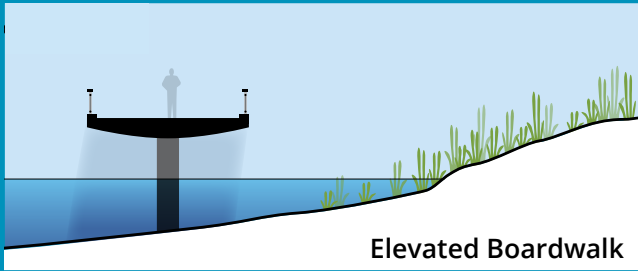


Strategies

Perkins&Will | cbt



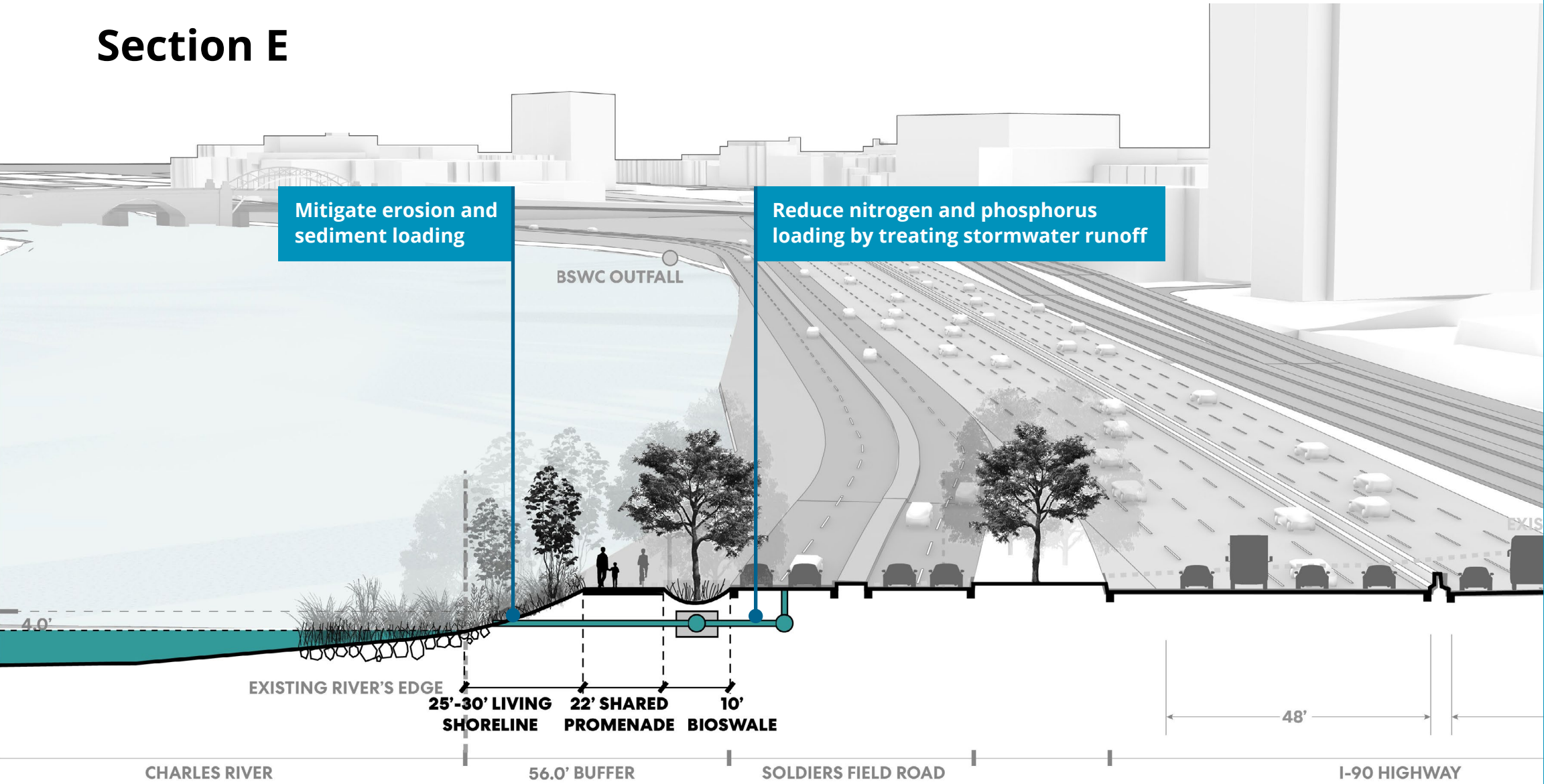
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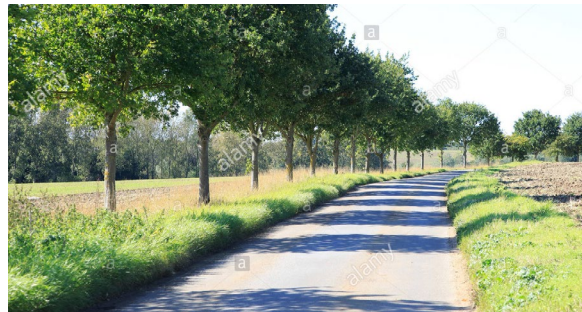
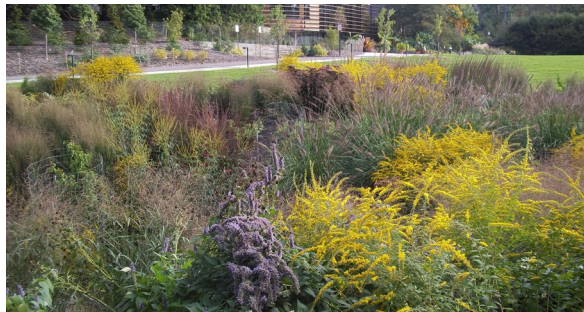
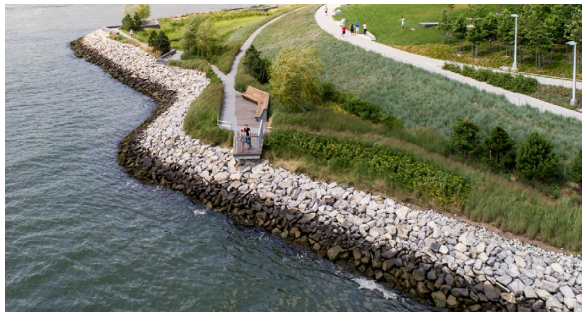
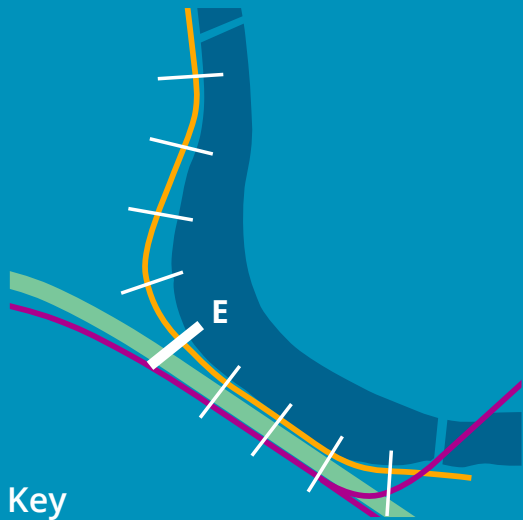
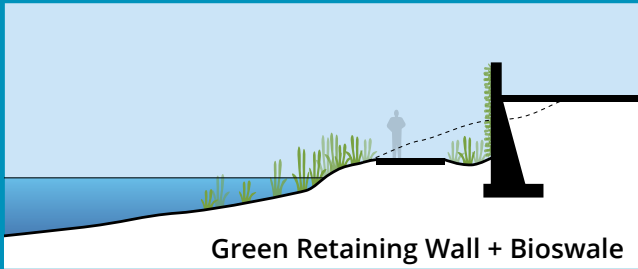
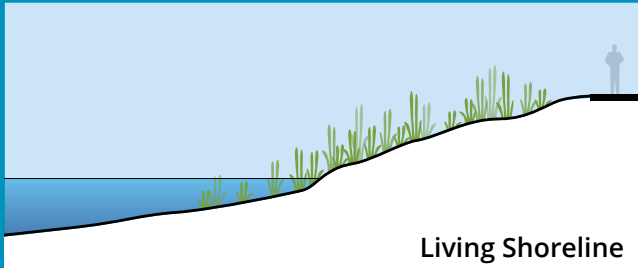
Exploration

Section E



Strategies

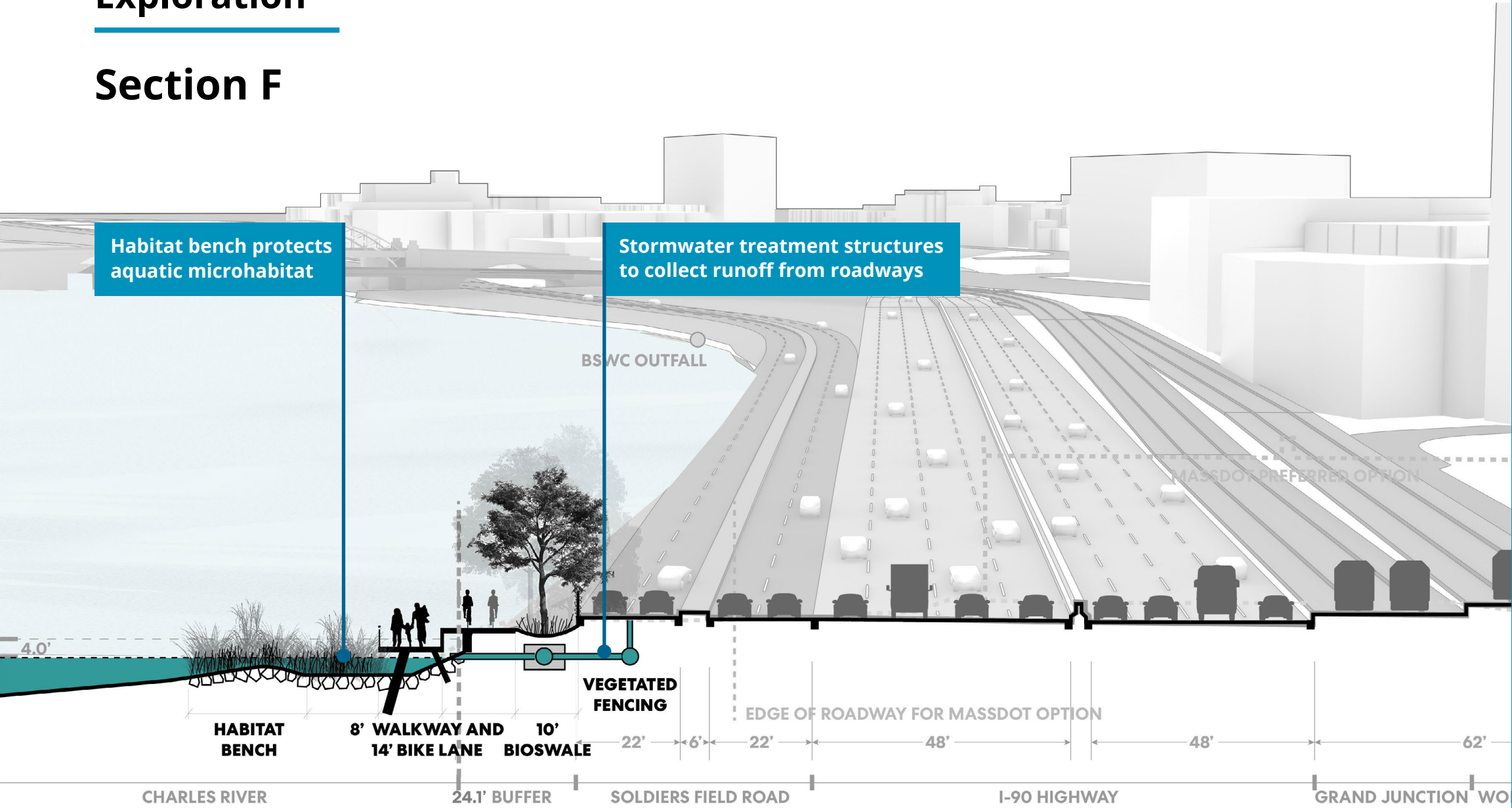
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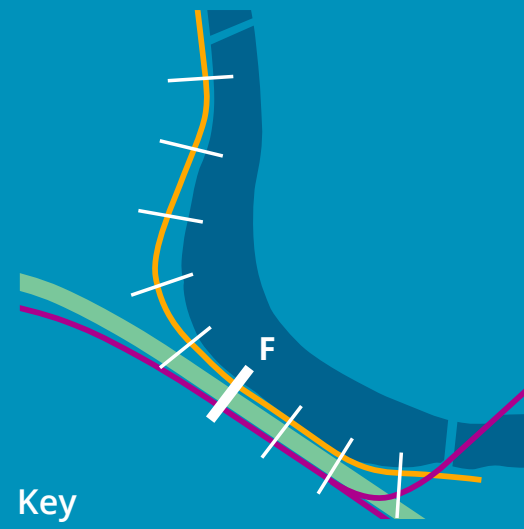
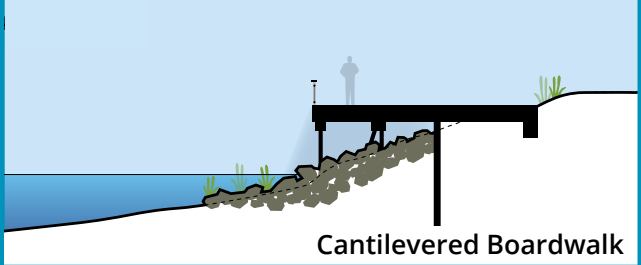
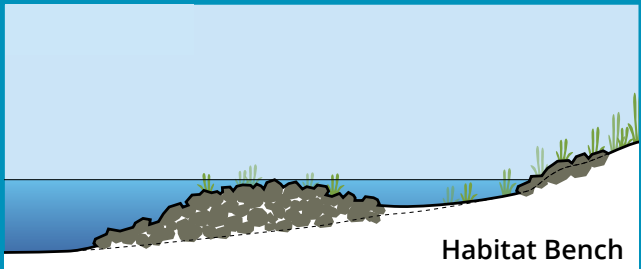
Exploration

Section F



Strategies

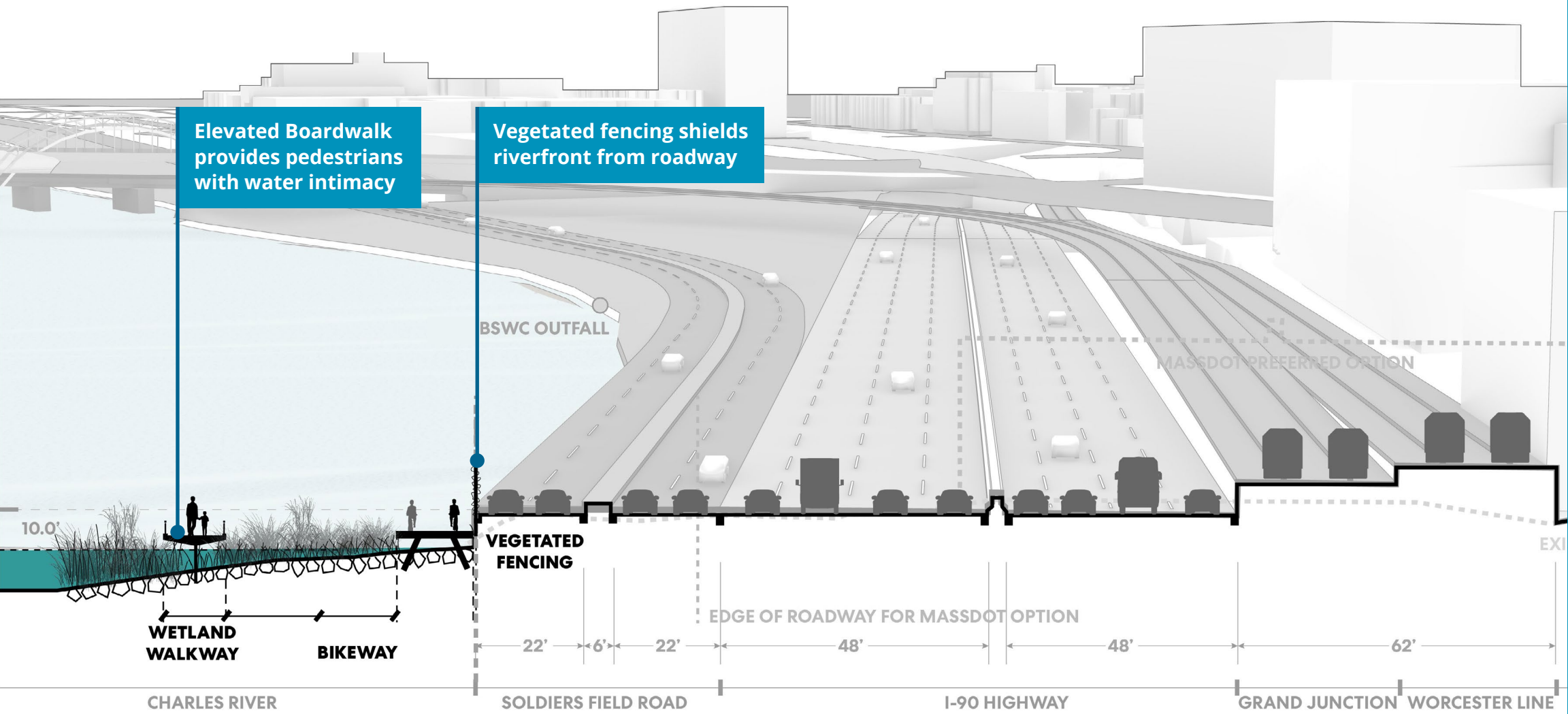
Perkins&Will | cbt





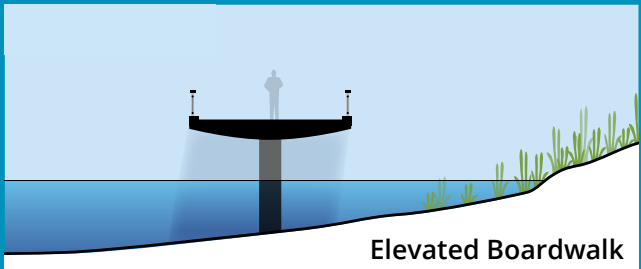
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Section G

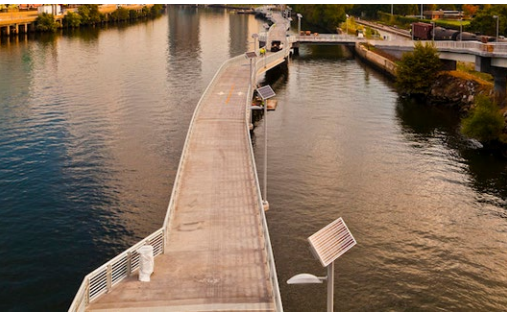
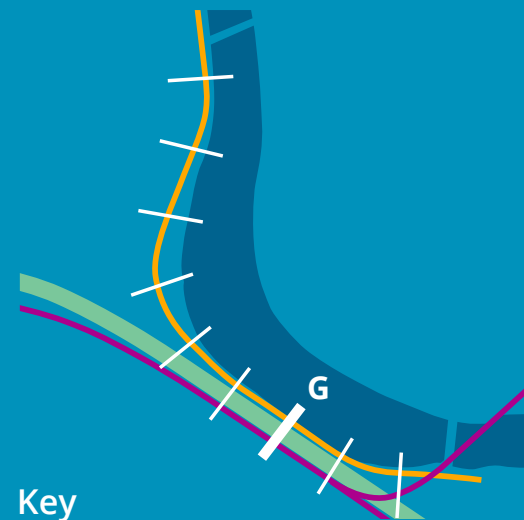
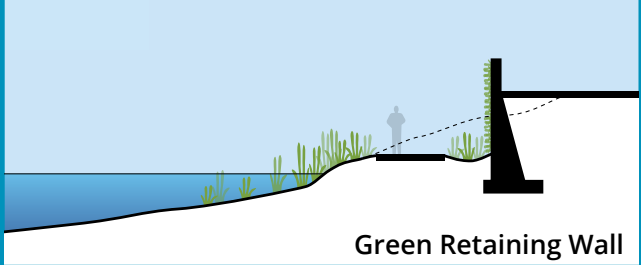


Strategies

Perkins&Will | cbt



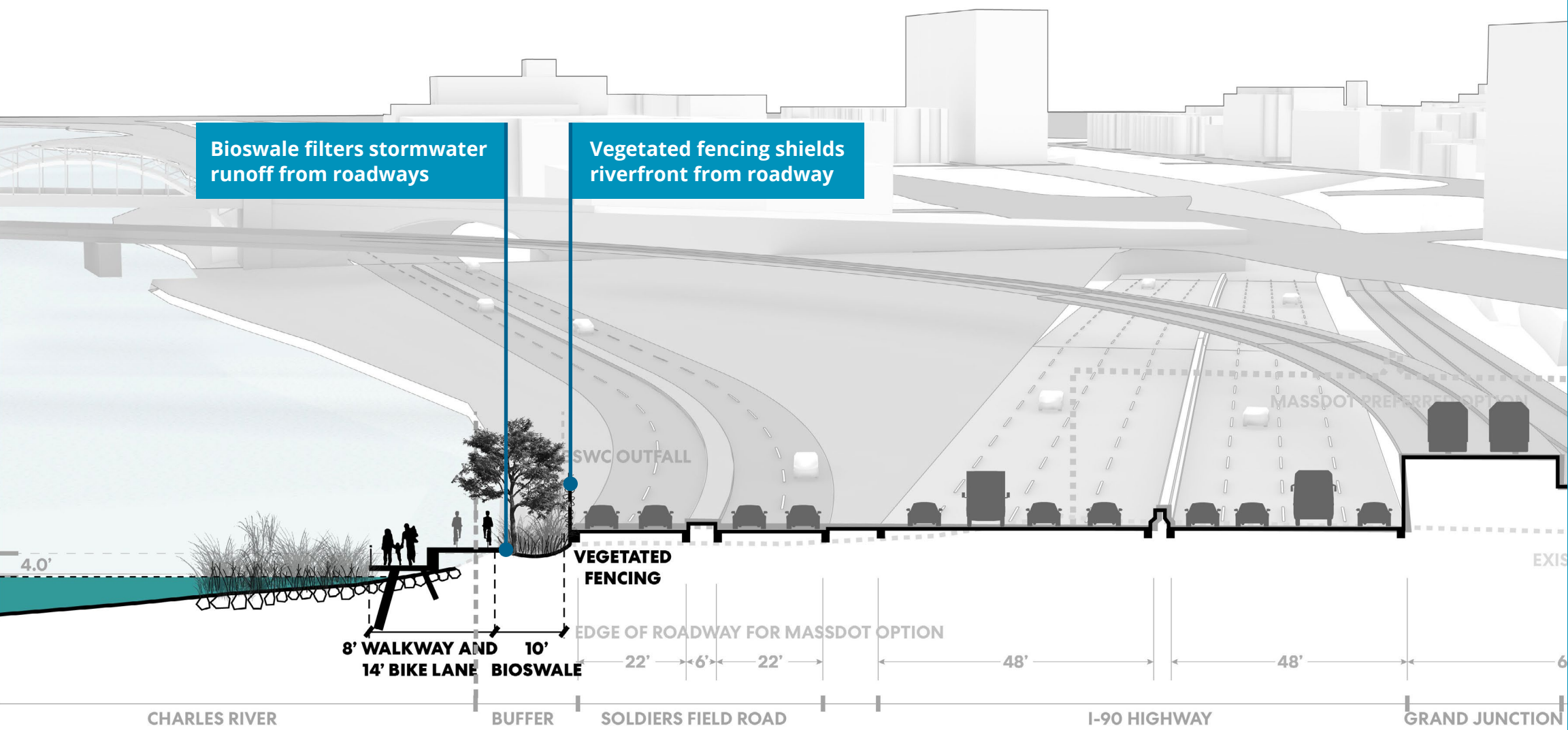
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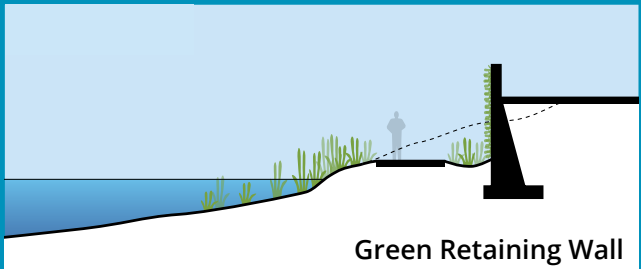
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Section H

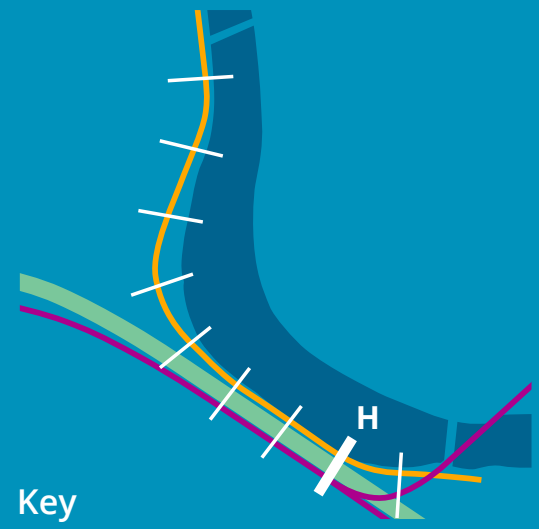
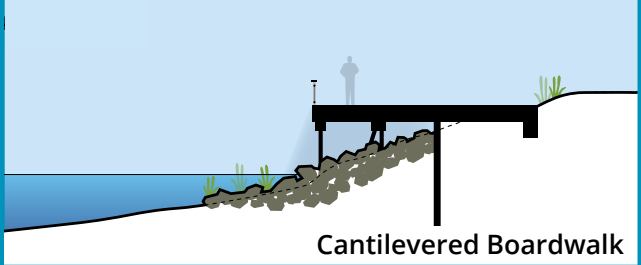


Strategies

Perkins&Will | cbt

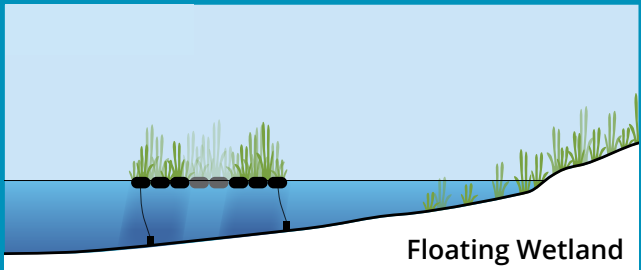
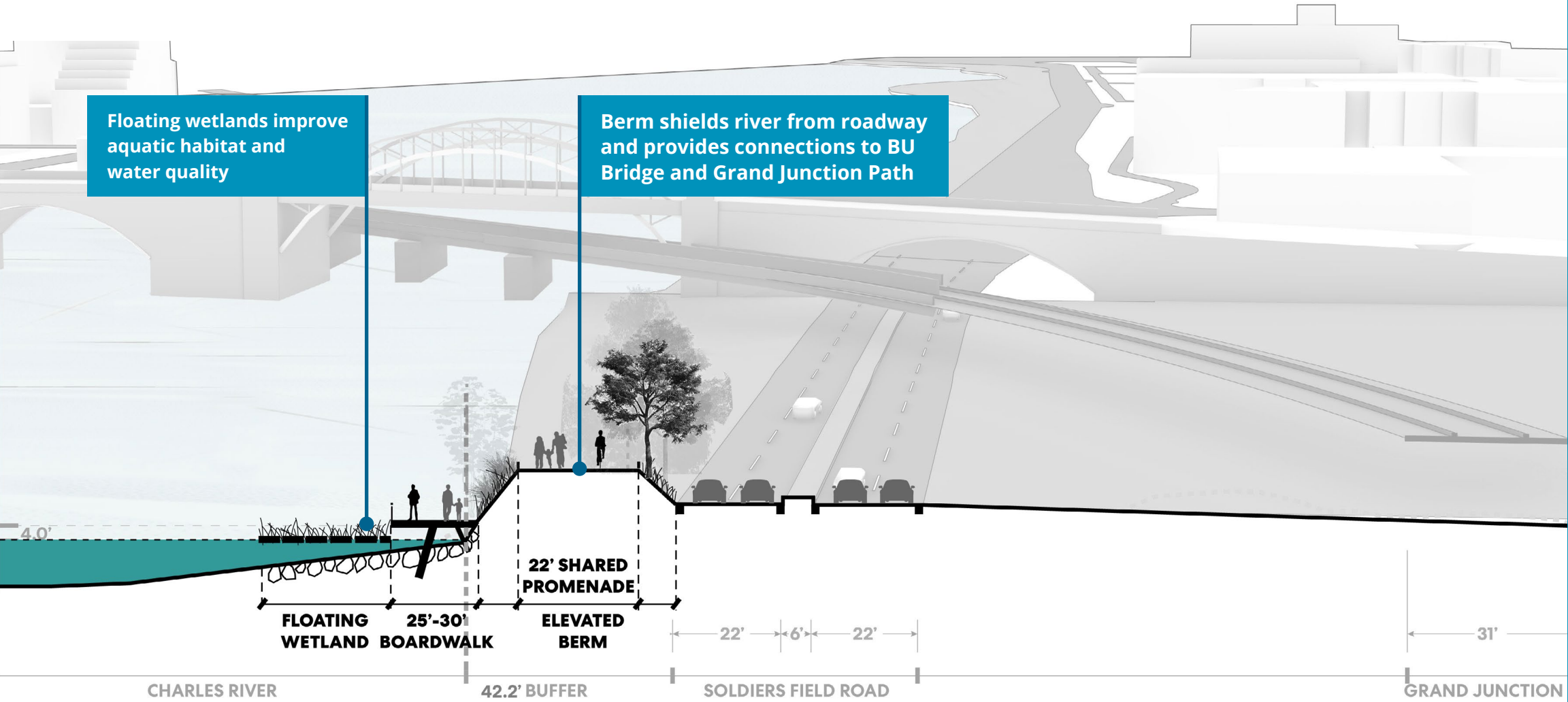


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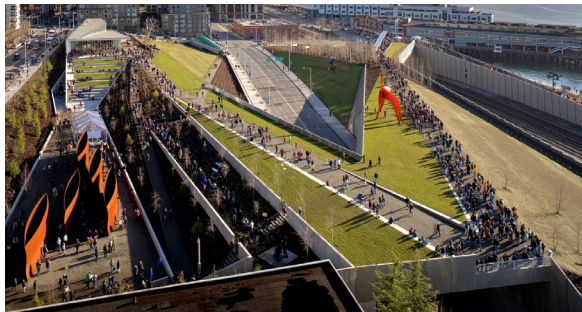
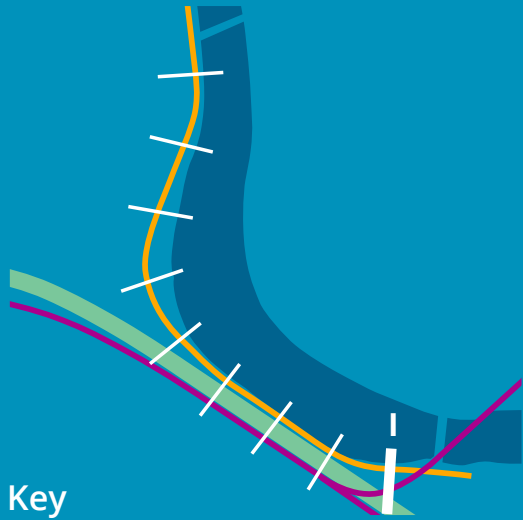
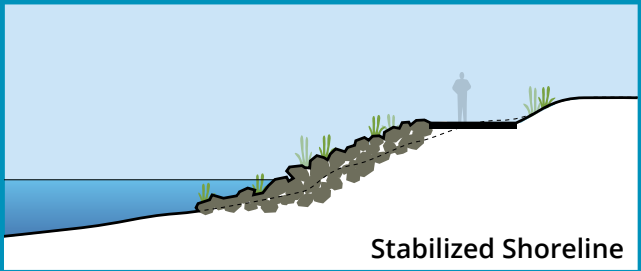




Section I



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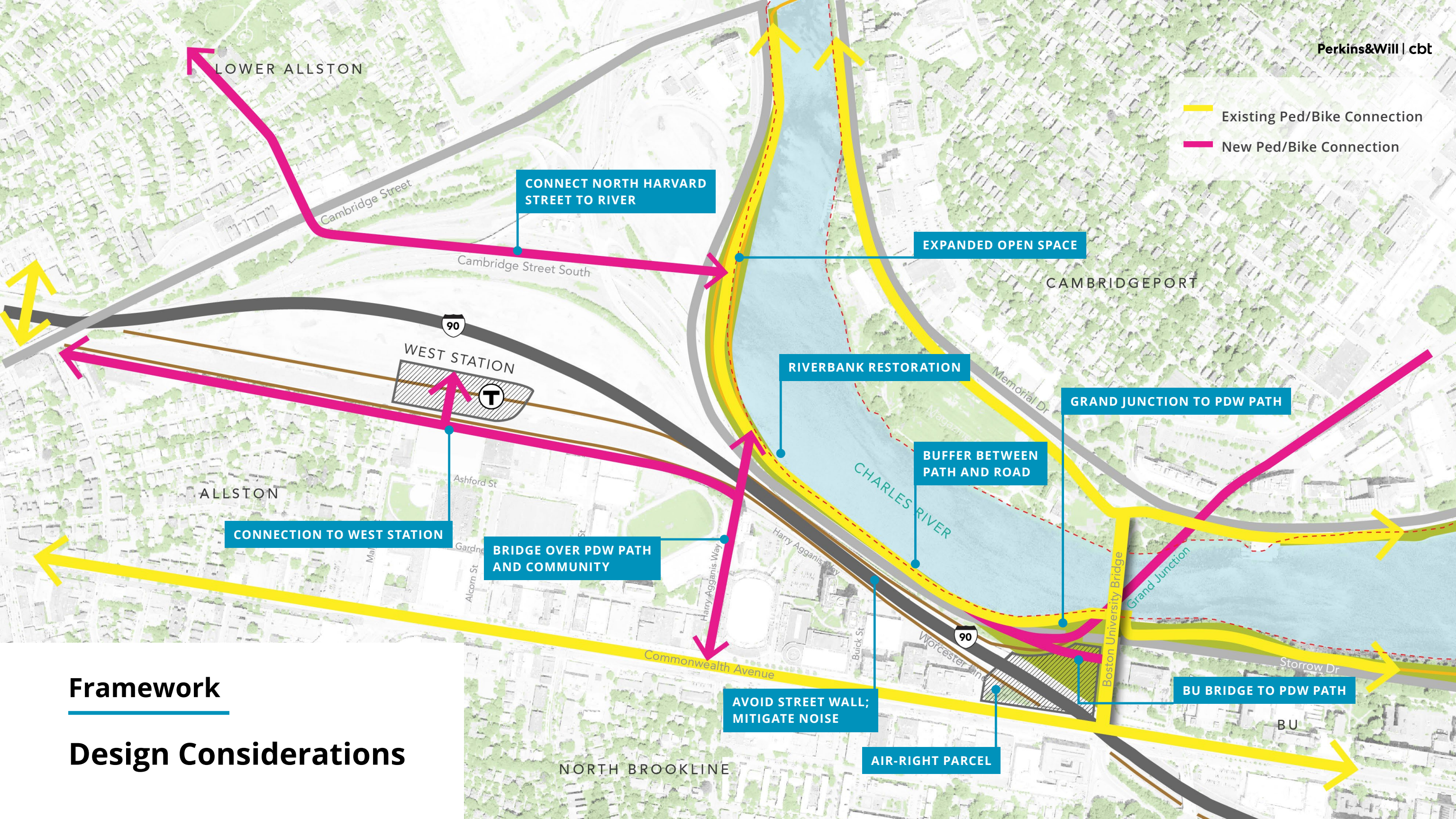




# Connectivity Framework

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- Existing Ped/Bike Connection
- New Ped/Bike Connection

CONNECT NORTH HARVARD STREET TO RIVER

EXPANDED OPEN SPACE

RIVERBANK RESTORATION

GRAND JUNCTION TO PDW PATH

BUFFER BETWEEN PATH AND ROAD

CONNECTION TO WEST STATION

BRIDGE OVER PDW PATH AND COMMUNITY

BU BRIDGE TO PDW PATH

AVOID STREET WALL; MITIGATE NOISE

AIR-RIGHT PARCEL

Framework

Design Considerations





**Framework**

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**Existing Riverfront**



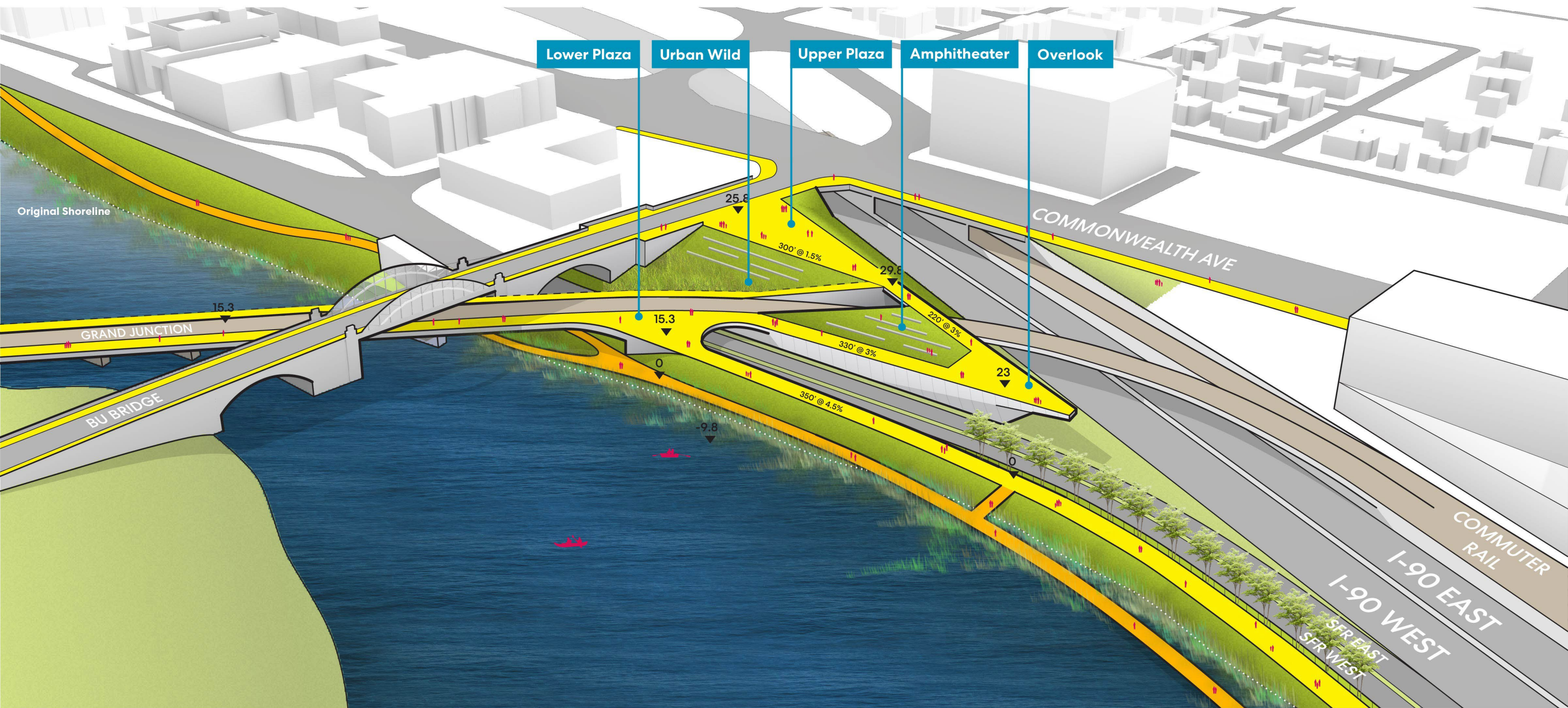


Framework

**Proposed Riverfront**

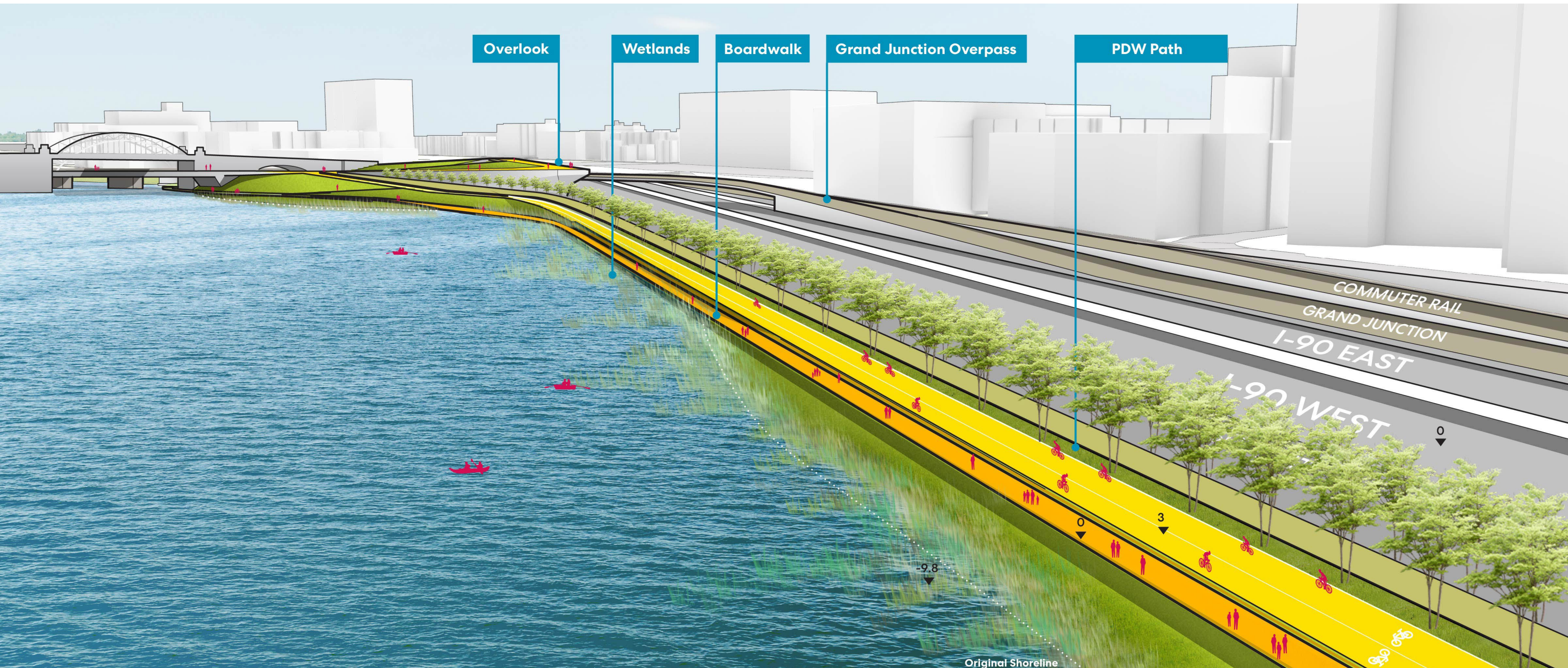


BU Bridge Open Space





## Throat Condition | Alternative 1A



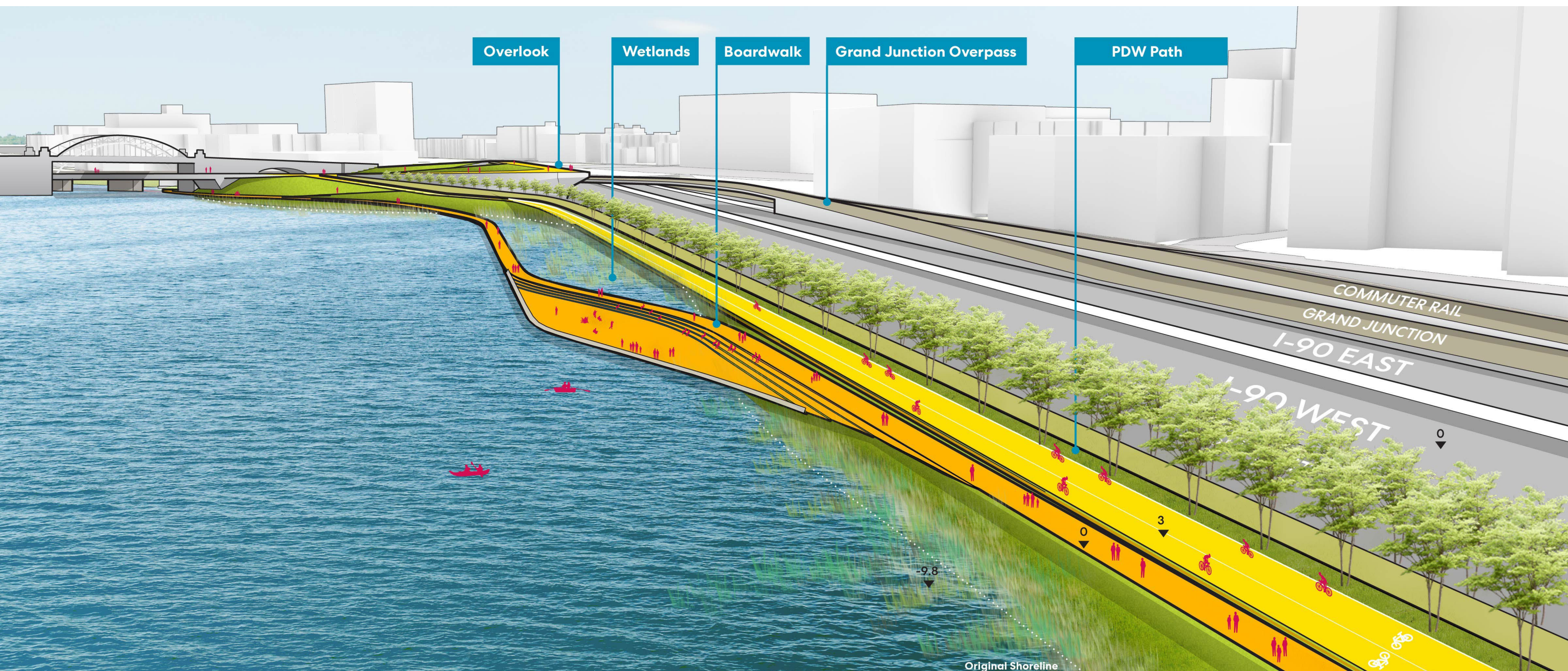


Throat Condition | Alternative 1A



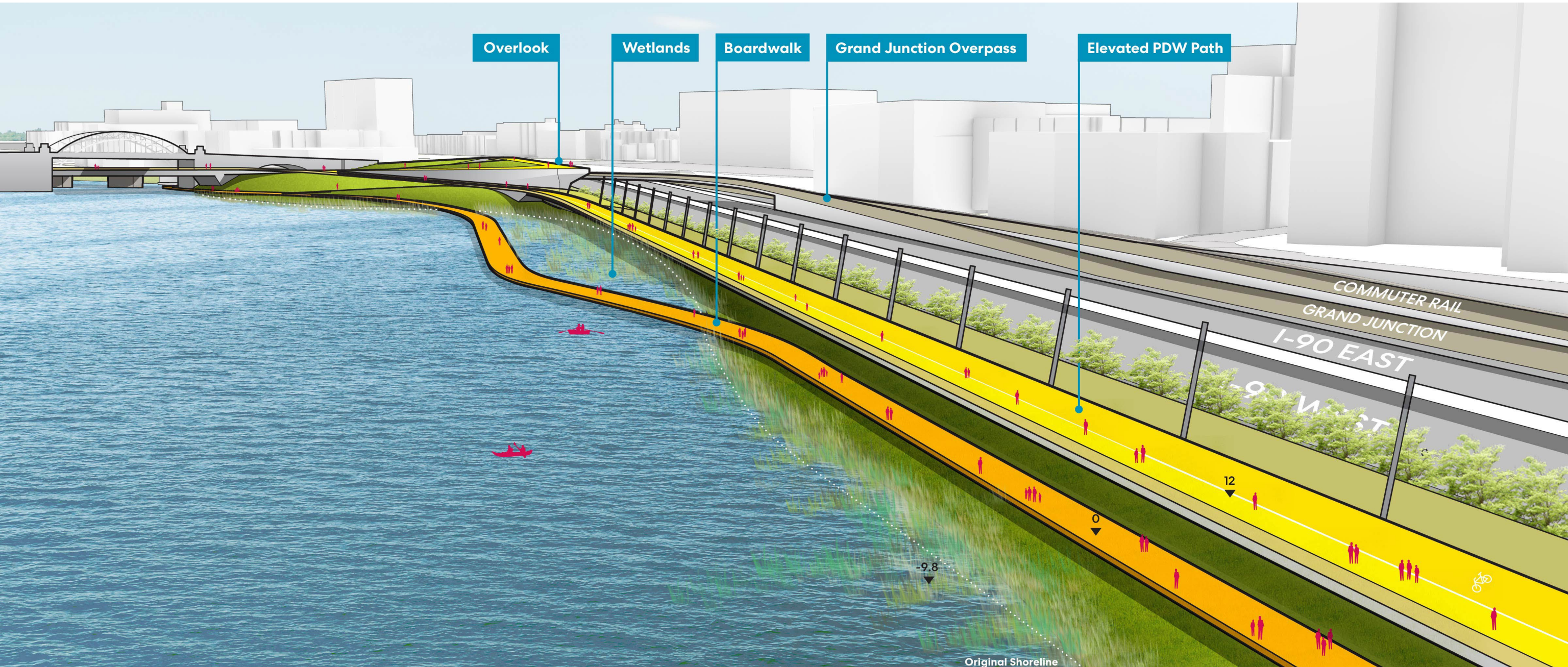


Throat Condition | Alternative 1B



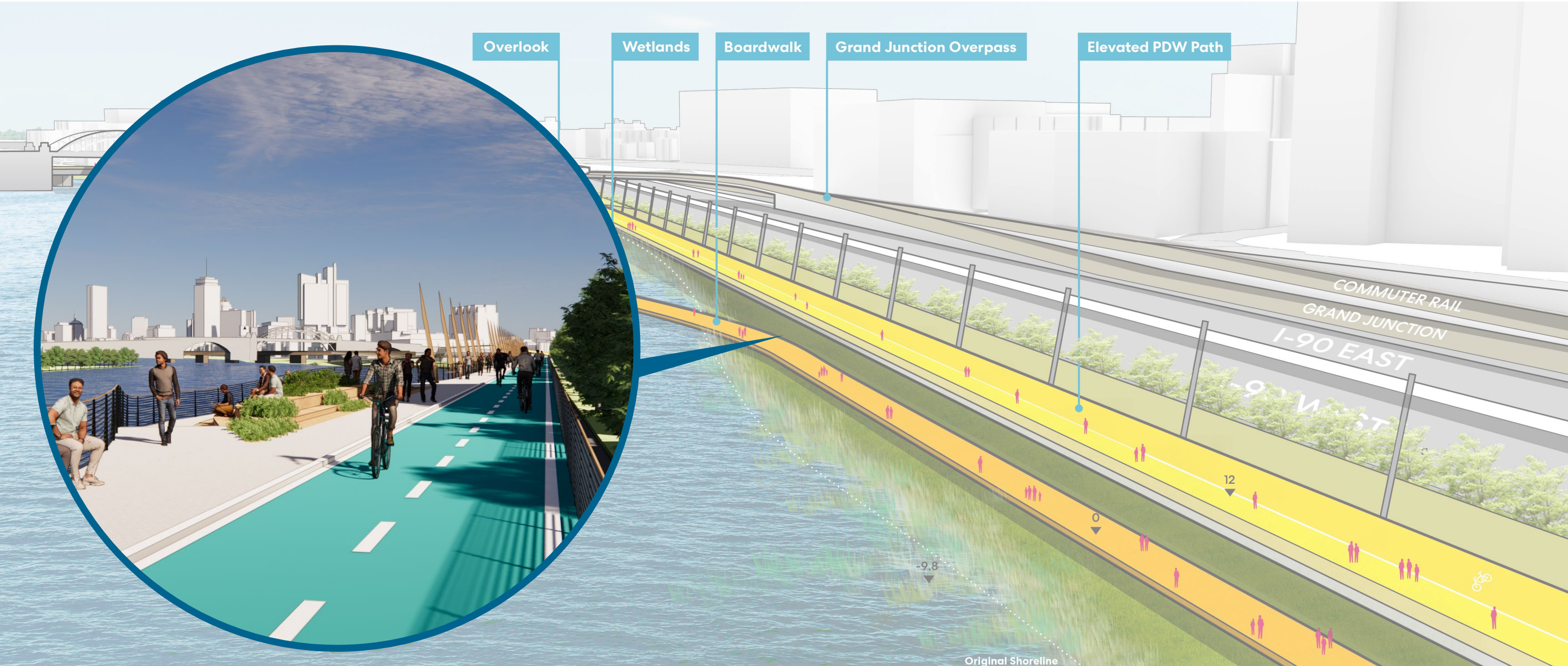


Throat Condition | Alternative 2



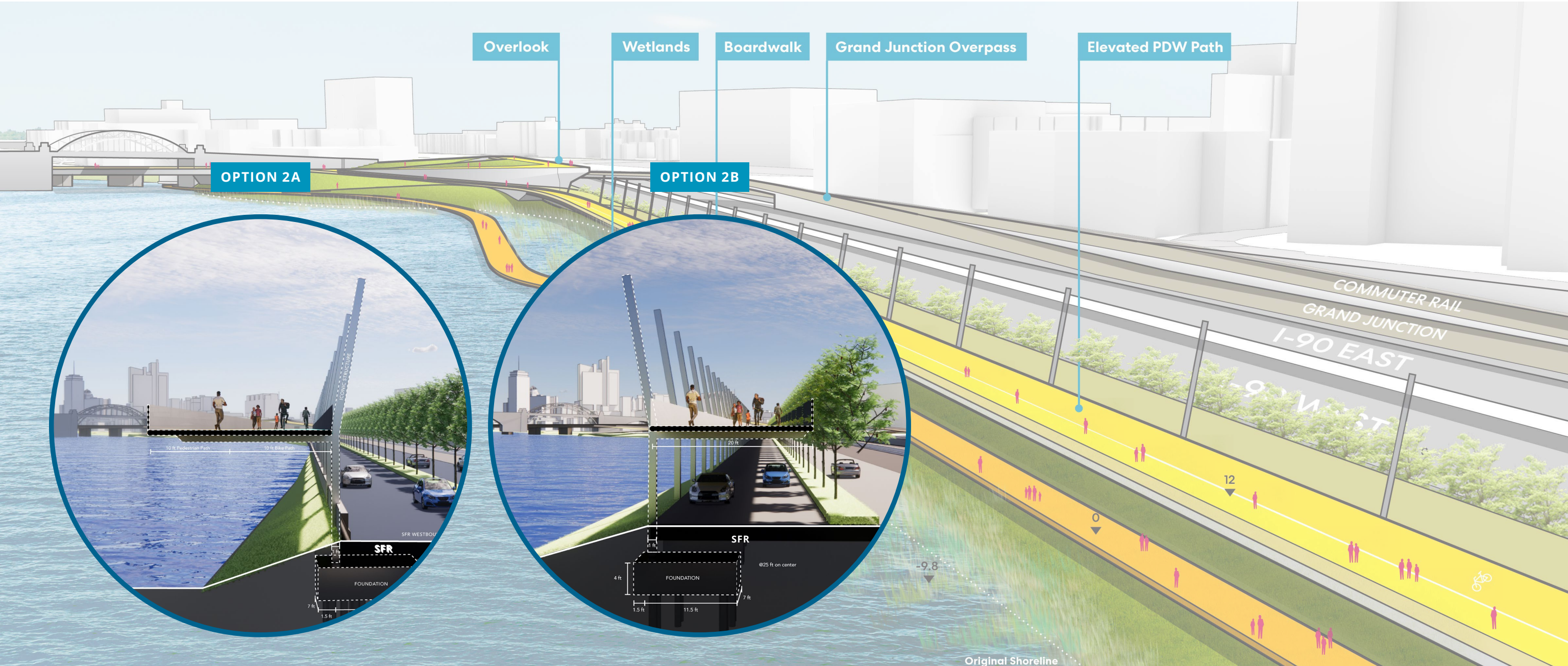


Throat Condition | Alternative 2



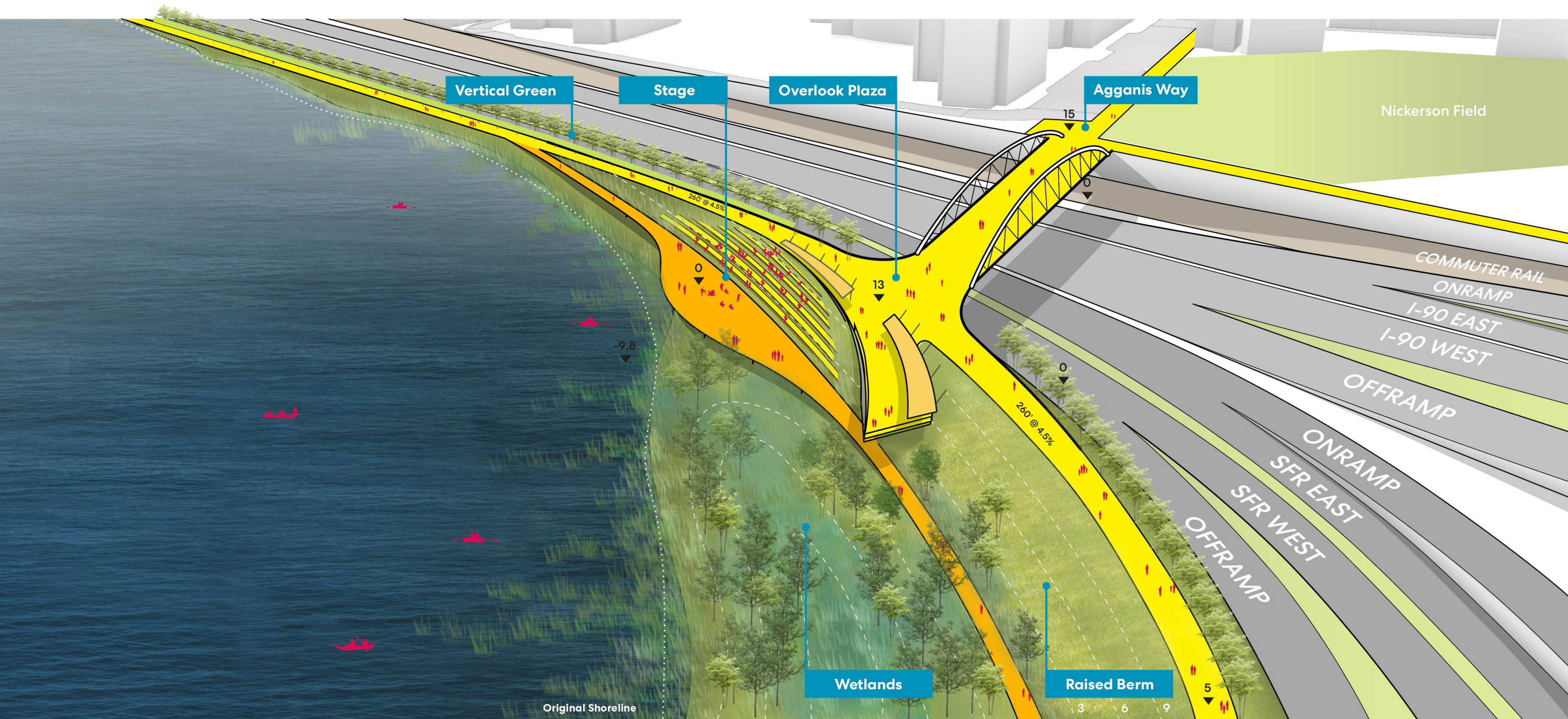


Throat Condition | Alternative 2





Agganis Connection





Agganis Connection | MASSDOT Option



NICKERSON FIELD

AGGANIS FOOTBRIDGE UNDER VIADUCT

I-90 ON VIADUCT

HARRY AGGANIS WAY



# Agganis Connection | All At-Grade Option

NICKERSON FIELD

AGGANIS FOOTBRIDGE OVER I-90

VIEWS TO CHARLES & CAMBRIDGE

HARRY AGGANIS WAY





# Next Steps

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- **Transparency in process:** put all the variables, constraints, details on the table
- **Trans-disciplinary approach:** Instead of a siloed approach, holistic approach of a systems approach for a shared benefit
- **Ownership:** Amongst all stakeholders, City agencies have the opportunity to champion and create a unifying platform
- **Advocacy and Funding:** Allocating a committee and funds to support stakeholder groups to participate in the planning process